



Extended Ultra-SVGA Colour Monitor

TM5401/TM5501 Series

type W - Chassis

SERVICE INFORMATION

1-2-0

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SECTION 1. SPECIFICATION

1.1 Power Input

220-240V AC or
100-125/220-240V AC, 48-63Hz
depending on model.
Power consumption: <85W normal operation.
<30W in power saving mode.

1.2 Sync Input

TTL Levels :

| Mode | H-Sync | V-Sync | H Freq/kHz | V-Freq/Hz |
|------|--------|--------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | + | - | 31.5 | 70.1 |
| 2 | - | + | 31.5 | 70.1 |
| 3 | - | - | 31.5 | 59.9 |
| 4 | + | + | 37.9 | 60.3 |
| 5 | + | - | 37.8 | 84.1 |
| 6 | - | + | 37.7 | 84.0 |
| 7 | - | - | 37.8 | 72.8 |
| 8 | + | + | 48.1 | 72.0 |
| 9 | +/- | +/- | 48.4 | 60.0 |
| 10 | - | - | 56.5 | 70.1 |
| 11 | +/- | +/- | 57.0 | 70.7 |

(P models only) Presence of sync. signals determines the power saving status.

1.3 Signal Cable

1 metre long with 15-way sub-miniature 'D' connector

1.4 Cathode Ray Tube

14" (13V) Diagonal landscape mode or
15" (14V) diagonal FST landscape mode.
Dot pitch 0.28mm, anti-glare screen.
V models only:
VLMF (Very Low Magnetic Field emissions).
VA models only:
Anti-static and VLMF

1.5 Operating Ranges

Temperature: 10-35°C.
Humidity: 20-85% (non-condensing).

1.6 Weight

13kg (14kg for 15" model).

1.7 Video Input

RGB Analogue video
signal 0.71V positive.

1.8 User Controls

Power On/Off
Contrast
Brightness
Width
V-Centre
Height
H-Phase

1.9 Display Colours

Infinite array

1.10 Display Area

14" 260mm W x 190mm H
(approximately)
15" 270mm W x 202mm H
(approximately)

1.11 Dimensions

Width- 361mm.
Depth- 382mm.
Height- 380mm with
swivel base fitted,
345mm without.

SECTION 2. PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY

2.1 Observe all cautionary and safety related notes located on the chassis, cabinet and display tube.

2.2 Operation of the monitor with the back cover removed presents a potential shock hazard. Only personnel familiar with the precautions necessary for safe working on high voltage equipment should attempt to carry out servicing.

2.3 Always wear safety approved shatter-proof goggles when removing, installing or generally handling the picture tube. People not so equipped should be kept at a safe distance when any such handling is being undertaken. Do not handle the picture tube by the neck or deflection coil. Do not carry the picture tube resting against the body.

2.4 The picture tube is designed and constructed to limit X-Radiation to a safe level during normal operation. To maintain the required level of protection and safe operation, replacement tubes must be correctly adjusted and any protective circuits **must not be defeated**.

2.5 A.C. Leakage Current Test

After servicing and before returning the display to the customer, perform a thorough safety test to ensure there is no potential shock hazard to the operator. The safety test should consist of a high voltage test (1500V rms, 50/60Hz) between live and neutral joined together and earth for one minute; an earth continuity test at 25 amps between the primary safety earth point (marked with a \oplus symbol, located near the AC power inlet connector) and the earth terminal of the AC power plug and, if possible, an AC current leakage test on the exposed metallic parts of the cabinet, e.g. signal cable shell and screw heads. Using the test circuit shown in Fig.1, connect the monitor power lead, via an isolating transformer, to the AC supply and switch on. Measure the AC leakage current between exposed metallic parts of the cabinet and each pole of the isolated supply in turn. The earth leakage current should not exceed 1.0mA rms.

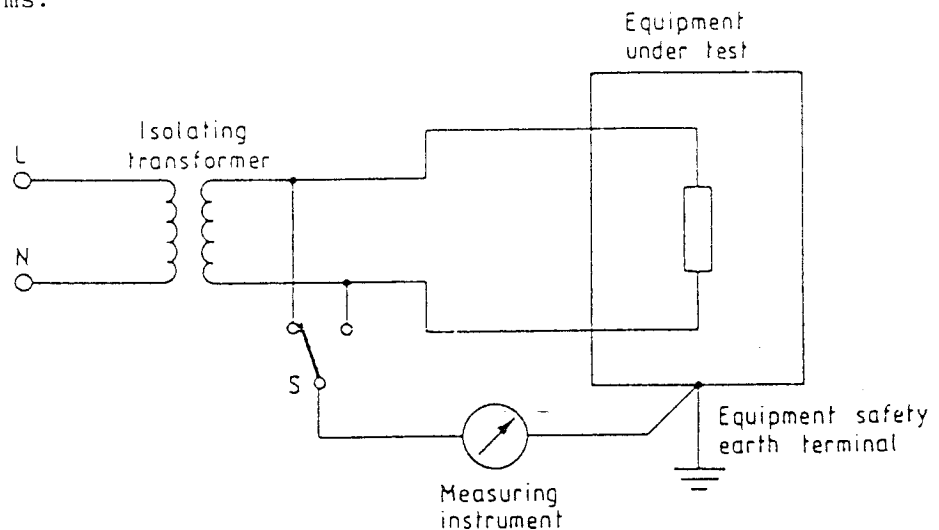


Fig.1. Measurement of AC Leakage Current.

2.6 Critical Safety Components

A number of electrical components in this monitor contribute to operating safety, and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be maintained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. They are identified by the \triangle symbol which indicates that only manufacturer's approved replacements are to be used.

2.7 Cabinet Back Removal

- Place the monitor on its front, protecting the screen and cabinet with some suitable material, and remove the tilt/swivel base by pressing down its retaining clip at the rear of the swivel ball, and at the same time slide the swivel base towards the back of the cabinet to release the bayonet catches.
- Remove the retaining screw just below and to the right of the power inlet socket.
- Remove the two retaining screws at the top left-hand and top right-hand corners of the cabinet back (if fitted).
- Remove the two retaining screws from the bottom left-hand and bottom right-hand corners of the cabinet back.

- e) Carefully replace the cabinet on its base. Insert a screwdriver blade into the slot next to each screw (item c) pressing downward and forward to release the retaining tabs whilst easing the cabinet away from the front bezel.
- f) The back can now be removed, threading the signal cable through its access opening.

Replace the back by reversing the procedure in steps a to f omitting step e. *Note: when re-assembling the cabinet the retaining tabs mentioned in step e can be locked by pressing the cabinet back and bezel firmly together.*

2.8 Servicing notes

2.8.1 Soldered Connections

Always wrap lead wires around terminals before soldering.

2.8.2 Wire Replacement

Always use the correct wire type.

Run connecting wires along their original routes in order to :

- a) Avoid introducing unwanted interference.
- b) Avoid them being too close to high voltage or temperature.
- c) Maintain safety approval standards.

SECTION 3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Connections

The Colour Monitor should be connected to a computer incorporating a VDE or FCC approved USVGA graphics display card which supplies analogue video signals.

Connect the captive signal cable to the 15 pin output socket on the card and secure it in place with the locking screws. Connect the monitor and computer to the AC supply.

3.2 Controls

3.2.1 Power ON/OFF

The ON/OFF switch is located on the right by the 'Power On' LED which should illuminate shortly after switching on. The display should become visible within 30 seconds of switching on.

IMPORTANT. Repeatedly switching ON and OFF should be avoided. This action may activate Safety Protection shut-down circuits. Should this occur or the supply be accidentally interrupted, switch OFF and allow 30 seconds for the circuits to reset before switching on again.

3.2.2 Contrast

This control varies the difference in intensity between black and coloured areas of the screen. After setting the brightness control as described below, set the contrast for the most comfortable display.

3.2.3 Brightness

This sets the average intensity of the whole display. Normally this control will be set at the centre detent position.

3.2.4 Width

Allows the user to vary the display width from 255 to 265mm (14" CRT) or 263 to 277mm (15" CRT) approximately.

3.2.5 V-Centre

Allows the picture to be centred vertically, to compensate for the user's viewing angle.

3.2.6 Height

This control allows the height to be adjusted to compensate for different graphics cards.

3.2.7 H-Phase

This control may have to be adjusted to suit the particular graphics card in use. Some graphics cards may require adjustment when changing modes.

3.2.8 Plinth

The plinth can be rotated or tilted to improve the viewing angle.

SECTION 4. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

4.1 Power Supply

The power supply is of the flyback switch mode type and will operate over the input range 110-125V or 220-240V rms $\pm 10\%$ (depending on model). The circuit is based around IC801 (UC3842AN) which directly drives the switching FET Q801 at a fixed frequency synchronized to the line output stage. The output power is regulated by duty cycle control depending on input voltage and load.

European models are designed for 220-240V operation. In these models, diodes D801 - D804 form a full wave bridge rectifier and CE807 provides smoothing.

North American models are designed for 110-120V or 220-240V, switch selectable. With the switch open (220-240V operation), diodes D801-D804 form a full wave bridge rectifier and capacitors CE807 and CE808 in series provide smoothing. With the switch closed (110-120V operation), diodes D801-D804 and capacitors CE807 and CE808 form a voltage doubler so that the rectified voltage at the transformer (T801) primary is the same as for 220-240V operation.

Immediately after switch-on, current derived from the rectified mains input flows through R807, R808 and D830 charging CE812 to approximately 17V. At this point IC801 makes a start attempt relying on stored charge in CE812 to supply current until the power supply starts. Operating current is then derived from a winding on the transformer via D812/R823 at 12.5V. The circuit operates as follows:

Q801 is switched on, causing a linear rise in current in the primary winding 1-3 of T801. After a period determined by the voltage drop across the current limit resistor R828, Q801 is switched off and the energy stored in the flux of T801 is transferred to the secondary circuits. Diodes D815, D816 and D817 conduct until the transformer is demagnetized, at which point after a short delay, Q801 is switched on again as before.

The transformer secondary windings produce 155V, 80V, 21V and 7V d.c. when rectified by D818, D820, D821 and D822 respectively. A protective clamp is incorporated in the 155V rectifier circuit formed by D819, C825 and R833 to prevent damage to D818 under certain conditions. The dv/dt on Q801 drain is limited by D811 which charges C819. In addition, D809/C818 clamps the peak drain voltage to about 500V to prevent damage to Q801.

The main regulation circuit centres around IC803 which conducts heavily when the voltage on the reference pin exceeds 2.5V. The regulation circuit senses the 155V and 21V rails and the control signal is fed back to the error amplifier in IC801 via the opto-isolator IC802. This forms the voltage feedback loop. A current feedback loop is also employed on the primary side to sense the drain current in Q801. The linear ramp voltage across R828 (1V max) is fed into pin 3 of IC801. This is filtered by R826, C813 to remove transient spikes. The current feedback circuit actively limits the peak transformer flux during each cycle and is used to provide feed-forward compensation to improve regulation.

The operating frequency is synchronized to the line output stage using a double-insulated single turn of wire around the flyback transformer core. This sync. pulse is fed into IC801 via TR801, but is momentarily shorted by TR802 at switch on. The power supply is synchronized to line frequency in 31 to 38kHz modes and half line frequency at 48 to 60kHz. (i.e. 24 to 30kHz).

4.2 Power Management (where fitted).

The Power Management control (PMC) circuit selects mains power saving mode when field OR line sync. pulses are absent for approximately one second. This is achieved by removing the 21V supply from the Deflection board (except 12V regulator input) and reducing tube heater voltage.

Horizontal and vertical syncs. are fed to two re-triggerable monostables IC701A and IC701B. The time constant of these are determined by R702/CE702, and R703/CE703 respectively. Provided that sync. pulses are received at the input to monostable A, the output will remain logic high (5V) and be fed to the CLR input of monostable B. Monostable B remains low if its CLR input is high AND sync. pulses detected at its input. The output is fed via a service link to the base of voltage amplifier TR701. To achieve saturation of Q701/Q702 their gate/source voltage must be in excess of approximately 3 volts, therefore, biasing is sourced from the 80V supply via R705 and limited to less than 30V by R706. When IC701B resets, TR701 saturates pulling Q701/Q702 gates to 0V, switching them off. 21V is removed from the Deflection panel disabling the line drive and frame scan circuits etc., reducing overall power consumption to less than 30W.

When the monitor switches to standby the field and line scans rapidly collapse. The spot suppression circuit TR702 switches on pulling the positively charged CE705 +ve to 0V and the -ve side to -155V, cutting off the tube grid which blanks the screen while the EHT collapses. This avoids burning of the tube phosphor which might otherwise occur due to the high intensity spot caused by the collapse of the scan currents.

4.3 B+ Regulator

The horizontal scan coil has to be driven with a constant amplitude sawtooth current at all of the possible scan frequencies. This is done by controlling the B+ voltage applied to the scan coil. The B+ regulator is based on a step-down switched-mode regulator comprising switching FET Q501, flywheel diode D503 and filter L501/CE504/CE517. When the FET is switched on, its source becomes connected to the +155 volt rail and the current in L501 increases.

After a period determined by control IC501, the FET is switched off and the current in L501 decays, flowing via D503 with the voltage at the FET source now falling to about -1 volt. The switched waveform at the source is smoothed by the filtering action of inductor L501 and the reservoir capacitors CE504 and CE517. The average voltage at the output of the filter, depends on the proportion of the time that the Q501 is 'on'. This is controlled by sampling the peak voltage appearing on pin 5 of the line output transformer T402. A rectified and smoothed sample is compared with the internal reference in IC501 and this controls the 'on' time of Q501. The current feedback signal required by IC501 is simulated by the circuit D505, R515, C510 and D506, which creates an artificial current ramp. The output of the IC501 drives output amplifier (TR502/TR503) which in turn drives a pulse transformer whose secondary winding is connected to Q501. The regulator is synchronized to the line timebase by the circuit around TR501. A pulse derived from pin 3 of T402 is fed to the timing capacitor C507 to trigger the oscillator in IC501. The regulator is inhibited from a full start-up until the line output has started working. TR504 is initially off and TR505 is on holding IC501, pin 1 low, reducing the regulator output to zero. Diode D504 allows the output of the B+ regulator to rise to 21 volts, enabling the line output to operate at low level. When the low level pulse output from pin 3 of T402 is present, it turns on TR504 releasing the over-ride in IC501 enabling the regulator to operate as normal.

4.4 Synchronization

The incoming horizontal and vertical sync. pulses are fed to IC630(74LS86) which has the function of providing positive sync. pulses to the line and field oscillators regardless of the polarity of the incoming pulses.

4.5 Automatic Height Adjustment

The sync. pulses are also applied to two dual monostables, IC631 & IC632 for the mode detection circuits. These monostables are set to 16 μ s, 19 μ s, 22 μ s and 30 μ s. The monostables are constantly being re-triggered by the line sync. pulses. If the sync. pulse period is shorter than the monostable, it will never reset and the Q output will not go high. If the sync. pulse is longer than the monostable period, the Q output will go high at the end of the timed period until re-triggered by the next sync. pulse. The action of the monostables is shown in the following table:

| Freq. kHz | Period μ s | IC631/IC632 pins with +ve pulse |
|-----------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 31.5 | 31.7 | IC631 pins 5, 13: IC632 pins 5, 13 |
| 35-38 | 28.5-26.3 | IC631 pins 5, 13: IC632 pin 5 |
| 48 | 20.8 | IC631 pins 5, 13 |
| 57 | 17.5 | IC631 pin 5 |
| 61 | 16.4 | None of above |

The outputs of the 16, 19 and 22 μ s monostables drive the inputs of inverters in IC634. 'High' outputs from the monostables will give a 'low' at the output of the inverter and discharge the capacitor at the output to give a sustained low.

The sync. pulses and the logic signals from the inverters are decoded in IC633 (quad 2 input NOR), IC635 and IC636 (2 to 4 line decoders). The outputs of the decoders are used to switch one of the bank of resistors R640-R663 across C645. This sets the current flowing in the constant current generator TR635/637/638, controlling the height of the vertical (field) scan to provide automatic height compensation for each mode.

4.6 Vertical Deflection

The incoming sync. signal locks the vertical oscillator to provide a steady, synchronized display. The series combination C311/312 charge from a current out of IC301 pin 9, mirroring the current at pin 7 from TR637 to establish the correct height, producing a field rate ramp voltage on pin 9. The output current from pin 1 flows through the deflection coil CE309 and R307. Feedback from R307 into pin 12 is compared with this internally generated ramp to produce a linear scan.

Vertical shift is achieved by providing positive or negative offset current into the tube deflection coils using R697 and TR634, with RV684 providing user adjustment to centre the display.

4.7 Horizontal Deflection

The horizontal sync. pulse is used to synchronize a phase-lock loop (PLL), IC401, which controls the line output. A variable monostable (TR416/417/418) between the incoming sync. pulse and the PLL (IC401, pin 14) gives a variable delay to the timing pulse. A fixed monostable (TR419/420) is used to delay feedback from the line time-base to the PLL (IC401, pin 3). Altering the delay has the effect of shifting the display horizontally.

The output of the PLL (IC401, pin 4) drives TR423 switching current into the base of the line drive transistor TR422. IC402 is used to provide a start-up delay inhibiting the line driver stage until the PLL is functioning correctly. The output from TR422 is coupled to the line drive transformer whose secondary winding provides the high base current and controlled turn-off required by the line output transistor TR402.

The line output circuit is based on a diode modulator configuration. D403/C407 and D404/C409 form separate tuned flyback circuits with the horizontal deflection coil, and T403/C406 provides fine tuning and the voltage across C410 controls the scan width. In normal operation the voltage across C410 is a parabola with a positive d.c. offset voltage controlled by TR407.

PL406 allows a link selectable offset current to be added to the tube deflection coils to provide horizontal shift, RV414 provides adjustment.

The line output section also includes a beam current limit circuit connected to the contrast control wiper of RV681 so that the screen light output is automatically limited to prevent excessive brightness. The voltage on the wiper is pulled low by TR415 if the beam current exceeds an average of 0.5mA.

4.8 East/West, Keystone and Horizontal Shift

These functions are performed by IC302 and IC303 which control the diode modulator. IC302 generates a parabola from the field current ramp fed into pin 2. This is internally compared with a line rate sawtooth generated at pin 8. The output appears as a pulse-width modulated voltage at pin 5, which is filtered by R327 and C315. This is mixed with a DC control voltage from op-amp IC303 whose output drives the diode modulator controlling transistors TR406, TR426 and TR407.

4.9 Blanking

A pulse derived from the line output stage is applied to C420 giving a sharply defined positive trigger at the start of flyback. This triggers monostable TR410/411 and gives a line flyback blanking signal. This is combined with a field blanking signal derived from the field output (IC301, pin 13) to give a mixed blanking signal which is fed via PL402 to TR210/211/212 on the video panel.

4.10 Video Circuits

The monitor accepts RGB signals of 0.71V amplitude into 75 ohms. The incoming signals are capacitor coupled to the inputs of IC201. The function of IC201 is to provide gain control and clamping (d.c. restoration). The outputs at pins 16, 20 and 25 of IC201 directly drive emitter followers (e.g. TR205 for the red channel), and the output amplifier IC202 which provides the CRT cathodes with an AC coupled, 40V (maximum) drive. D.C. restoration is provided by D201/TR201 (red channel). The individual cut-off points for the tube are set by RV250/251/252.

4.11 Protection Circuits

4.11.1 Power Supply

The mains input fuse FS801 is of the time-delay type. Replacements must be of the same type and rating.

Immediately after the power supply has started D827 is triggered disabling the start-up circuit, so that in the event of a fault the power supply is prevented from attempting to re-start. For example, the power supply will shut down (after a single start attempt) if any output is shorted.

De-magnetization sensing is provided by D814 which feeds a voltage produced by the transformer secondary winding 5-6 into pin 3 of IC801. Diodes D815, D816 and D817 limit the input to 1.8V maximum. This signal is a representation of the transformer flux during the secondary discharge cycle and only when it has fallen to zero can the IC begin another cycle. This circuit is constantly active but normally only limits the flux during the start-up sequence, or in the event of overload, or input undervoltage.

Over-voltage protection has been included for fail-safe operation. The zener diode ZD806 conducts if the IC supply voltage derived from T801 exceeds 16V. This causes D807 to latch on, thus disabling IC801.

4.11.2 B+ Regulator

D504 conducts heavily in the event of the B+ rail being short circuited. This effectively shorts the 21V rail to ground and the power supply shuts down. TR504, by inhibiting the B+ regulator IC501, restricts the B+ voltage to 21V until the line output stage is functional.

4.11.3 Line Drive

FS401 protects against the possible failure of TR422, CE401 or T401.

4.11.4 Line Scan

The EHT is protected from exceeding a safe limit by monitoring the flyback pulse amplitude at pin 3, T402. If it exceeds 35Vpk, ZD420 conducts and triggers D421, simulating high H.T. and resulting in the power supply control IC801 reducing its output until its own supply is too low to function, thereby switching off the PSU. The circuit typically operates at an EHT of 28kV.

The maximum beam current is automatically limited by TR414/TR415 during normal monitor operation. In the event of a fault causing excessive current in the EHT winding, D421 is triggered by current from TR413 which shuts down the PSU as above.

If either the 12V or 5V rail is shorted, TR425 conducts and triggers D421, shutting down the power supply.

4.11.5 East/West

R411 gives protection to the E/W circuit and the diode modulator in the event of a fault.

SECTION 5. ADJUSTMENTS

5.1 Introduction

The monitor incorporates a number of adjustments which are listed below, and will have been correctly aligned before leaving the factory. Any adjustments should be made only if necessary.

5.1.1 Power Supply Panel:

| | |
|-------------|-------|
| 155V Adjust | RV840 |
|-------------|-------|

5.1.2 Control Panel:

| | |
|---------------|-------|
| 30 μ s | RV672 |
| 19 μ s | RV680 |
| 16 μ s | RV677 |
| V.Size Mode 8 | RV658 |
| V Size adjust | RV628 |

5.1.3 Deflection Panel:

| | |
|-------------------|-------|
| B+ Adjust | RV512 |
| Phase Balance | RV401 |
| H Shift | RV414 |
| V Lin | RV316 |
| V Freq | RV303 |
| Keystone | RV324 |
| Width Adjust | RV422 |
| E/W Amplitude | RV331 |
| A1/Screen voltage | FBT |
| Focus | FBT |

5.1.4 Video Panel:

| | |
|---------------|-------|
| Red Gain | RV219 |
| Green Gain | RV218 |
| Blue Gain | RV217 |
| Red Cut-off | RV250 |
| Green Cut-off | RV251 |
| Blue Cut-off | RV252 |

5.2 Adjustments

N.B. 1. Clockwise (CW) and counter-clockwise (CCW) directions are viewed from component side.

2. Where pots are set to CENTRAL, this need only be approximate.

5.2.1 Equipment Required

1. Signal source capable of producing the timing modes as described in Section 1, item 1.2.
2. D.V.M. (1000V).
3. E.H.T. meter (30kV).
4. Light meter (e.g. Minolta).
5. 20MHz oscilloscope.

5.2.2 Initial Conditions

1. Chassis assembly complete.
2. E.H.T lead (poppy) safely terminated onto the CRT.
3. Set user CONTRAST control (RV681) to MINIMUM.
4. Set user BRIGHTNESS control (RV682) to DETENT.
5. Set A1 to MINIMUM, (fully CCW).
6. Video gain pots RV217, RV218, RV219 not to be adjusted from the setting made in the board test (i.e. 70% of maximum gain).
7. Video cut-off pots RV250, RV251, RV252 to be fully CW.
8. Connect signal lead to Chroma 2000.
9. Locate SK714 in Service Mode (s/c PL704, pins 2/3 [where fitted]).
10. Connect A.C. power supply, 240V rms to inlet socket.
11. Switch A.C. power switch ON using S801.
12. Check green LED illuminates.

5.2.3 Voltage Settings

1. Select mode 3, black video.
2. Measure the voltage at cathode of D818 and adjust RV840 for a voltage of +155V \pm 0.5V if necessary.
3. Measure the voltage at cathode of D504 and adjust RV512 (B+ Adj), for a voltage of +65.5V \pm 0.5V.

5.2.4 E.H.T. Voltage Measurement Δ

1. Connect E.H.T. meter to poppy and check that the voltage is 24.5kV \pm 1kV.
Note: Ground EHT meter to CRT Dag braid.

5.2.5 Focus Settings

1. Select Mode 3, focus pattern green.
2. Set CONTRAST to CENTRAL and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Adjust focus control until thin black lines can be clearly defined.
Adjust for optimum focus.

5.2.6 Sync Decoding Logic Presets

1. Select Mode 3, white video.
2. Connect scope probe to pin 13, IC631.
3. Adjust RV672 (30 μ s) for a 1.30 μ s, \pm 0.1 μ s negative going pulse.
4. Connect scope probe to pin 4, IC632.
5. Adjust RV680 (19 μ s) for a 19 μ s, \pm 0.5 μ s negative going pulse.
6. Connect scope probe to pin 12, IC632.
7. Adjust RV677 (16 μ s) for a 16 μ s, \pm 0.5 μ s negative going pulse.

5.2.7 Horizontal Raster Centre

1. Select Mode 10, black video.
2. Set CONTRAST to CENTRAL and BRIGHTNESS to MAXIMUM.
3. With reference to pages 16/17. If necessary, adjust PL406 and RV414 (H.Shift) to centralize the RASTER. a-b <3mm.

5.2.8 Modulator Setting

1. Select Mode 3, white video, no border.
2. Set RV683 (width) to DETENT.
3. Measure the voltage at junction of C410 and L404, adjust RV422 (WIDTH ADJ) for 5.0V, $\pm 0.1V$.

5.2.9 Horizontal Phase

1. Select Mode 3, 4 x 4 grid.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Adjust RV686 (user H.PHASE) until the display is centralized.
4. Select Mode 10, 4 x 4 grid.
5. Adjust RV401 (PHASE BALANCE) for a centralized display.
6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 until the phase difference between modes 3 and 10 is less than 2mm, with reference to pages 16/17.

5.2.10 Horizontal Width {}TM5401 []TM5501

1. Select mode 10, white video, no border.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Set RV683 (WIDTH) to DETENT.
4. Check the width is {260mm} [270mm] $\pm 1mm$. Adjust RV512 (B+ ADJ) slightly if necessary.

5.2.11 Geometric Distortion

1. Select mode 10, 4 x 4 grid.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Adjust RV331 (E/W AMP) for straight vertical edges.
4. Adjust RV324 (KEYSTONE) for parallel vertical edges, to give a rectangular display.

5.2.12 Re-check Line Adjustments

1. Repeat 5.2.9, 5.2.10 and 5.2.11 as necessary.
2. Select Mode 3, black video.
3. Check the B+ voltage is within the range 65.5 $\pm 4V$. If not repeat 5.2.10.

5.2.13 User Width Distortion Check

1. Select Mode 10, white video, no border.
2. Adjust RV683 (WIDTH) to give minimum width.
3. Check there are no geometric distortions, with reference to pages 16/17.
4. Should any be apparent, increase the width slightly using RV422 (WIDTH ADJ).
5. Select Mode 3, white video, no border.
6. Adjust RV683 (WIDTH) to give maximum width.
7. Check there are no geometric distortions, with reference to pages 16/17.
8. Should any be apparent, reduce the width slightly using RV422 (WIDTH ADJ).
9. If RV422 has been adjusted repeat 5.2.10 to 5.2.13 to minimize geometric distortions.

5.2.14 Vertical Hold

1. Select a signal with a 50Hz field rate.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Adjust RV303 (V.FREQ) fully CCW. Then slowly turn CW until the display becomes stable. STOP TURNING RV303 IMMEDIATELY.

5.2.15 Horizontal Linearity

1. Select mode 10, crosshatch.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Set RV683 (WIDTH) to DETENT.
4. With reference to pages 16/17, measure the width of the squares above the horizontal centre line. The linearity error defined on page 16/17 must be <5%.
5. Select mode 3, crosshatch.
6. With reference to pages 16/17, measure the width of the squares above the horizontal centre line. The linearity error defined on page 16/17 must be <5%.

5.2.16 Vertical Linearity

1. Select mode 10, 4 x 4 grid.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. With reference to pages 16/17, adjust RV316 (V.LIN) so that the difference in height between the smallest and largest square is <2.0mm. (Adjust for optimum linearity).

5.2.17 Vertical Centre

1. Select mode 10, 4 x 4 grid.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Adjust RV684 (V.CENTRE). Check that the display can be shifted up and down.
4. With reference to pages 16/17 adjust RV684 (V.CENTRE) to centralize the display. c-d <4.0mm.

5.2.18 Vertical Size (Height) {}TM5401 []TM5501

1. Select mode 10, white video, no border.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Set RV685 (V.SIZE) to DETENT.
4. Adjust RV628 to give a display size of {190mm} [202mm] ± 1 mm.
5. Select Mode 8, white video, no border.
6. Adjust RV658 for a display size of {190mm} [202mm] ± 3 mm.
7. Select in turn Modes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 11, white video, no border. In each case check that the display is locked to the vertical sync. and that the height is {190mm} [202mm] ± 3 mm. If not, re-adjust RV628 and check height is within specification for all modes (1-11).
8. Select IBM 8514/A interlaced mode, white video, no border. Check that height can be adjusted to nominal {190mm} [202mm] ± 3 mm with user control RV685. Then display text (to include circular characters) and check picture quality.
9. Repeat 5.2.16, 5.2.17 and 5.2.18 as necessary.

5.2.19 White Balance

1. Set CONTRAST to MINIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to MAXIMUM.
2. Select mode 10, black video.
3. Using a Minolta light meter, adjust A1 until a light output of (Y) 3 ± 0.5 Cd/m² is obtained.
4. Observe the readings of (x) and (y) and adjust a maximum of two CUT-OFF pots from RV250 (RED), RV251 (GREEN) and RV252 (BLUE) to obtain (x) = 0.281 ± 0.005 and (y) = 0.311 ± 0.005 .
5. Check (Y) is still 3 ± 0.5 Cd/m². Adjust A1 if necessary.
6. Set user BRIGHTNESS to DETENT. Check no raster is visible.
7. Set user CONTRAST to MAXIMUM.
8. Select Mode 10, green block.
9. Adjust RV218 (GREEN) to give a (Y) reading of 97 ± 1 Cd/m².
10. Select Mode 10, white block.
11. Using Minolta light meter,

Adjust RV217 (BLUE) to give (y) = 0.311 ± 0.005
Adjust RV219 (RED) to give (x) = 0.281 ± 0.005

Note: Record (x) and (y) readings.

12. Check (Y) reading is 120 ± 10 Cd/m².
13. Adjust CONTRAST control to give a (Y) reading of 17 ± 3 Cd/m².
Check that (x) and (y) are within ± 0.015 of values noted in 11.
If out of spec. adjust only the two CUT-OFF pots adjusted in 4 to correct (x) and (y).
14. Repeat 1 to 13 until no further adjustment is required.

5.2.20 Static Convergence

1. Select mode 3, crosshatch.
2. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. With reference to pages 16/17, check that the convergence error of Zone A is < 0.30 mm and Zone B < 0.50 mm. If errors are outside these limits, then the convergence rings on the neck of the CRT are to be carefully adjusted.

5.2.21 Purity

1. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
2. Select mode 3, RED video.
3. Check for any discoloration of the Red raster.
4. Select mode 3, GREEN video.
5. Check for any discoloration of the Green raster.
6. Select mode 3, BLUE video.
7. Check for any discoloration of the Blue raster.

5.2.22 Picture Quality Check

1. Select mode 8, Text pattern (white text).
2. Set CONTRAST to CENTRAL and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
3. Check that text is clearly legible.
4. Check that text is free from smearing/streaking effect.
5. Check that text is black and white, especially vertical lines.

5.2.23 Power Management Control Circuit (where fitted)

1. Check SK714 is in operational mode (s/c PL704 pins 1-2 where fitted).
Switch off line sync. source.
Connect x10 oscilloscope probe to Q701 source.
Connect power and check that the voltage rises to 21V for approximately one second and falls to $7.5V \pm 1.0V$.
Note: With signal lead disconnected, 'noise' received by the sync. i/p's may occasionally trigger the monitor into operational mode.
2. Check that the voltage at TR701 collector is $<0.1V$.
3. Check that the voltage at TR702 collector is $<0.1V$.
4. Check that the voltage at Q702 source is:
For Hitachi 36cm picture tube $5.0V \pm 0.2V$.
For Toshiba 36cm picture tube $4.0V \pm 0.15V$.
For Chungwa 34cm picture tube $4.2V \pm 0.2V$.
5. Switch off field sync. pulses.
Switch on line sync. pulses.
Check that the voltage at TR701 collector is $<0.1V$.
6. Switch on field sync. pulses.
Observe that the picture is displayed within one second.
7. Check that the voltage at TR701 is 25.5V to 29.0V.
8. Check that the voltage between Q701 source and drain is $<0.15V$.
9. Check that the voltage between Q702 source and drain is $<0.1V$.
10. Check that the voltage at Q702 is $6.3V \pm 0.15V$.
11. Remove line sync. pulses.
Observe that display blanks after approximately one second with no evidence of scan collapse which may result in spot burn damage to the picture tube.

5.2.24 Dual Voltage Version (240/110V)

Note: This section applies to dual voltage models only. For 220-240V models disregard this section.

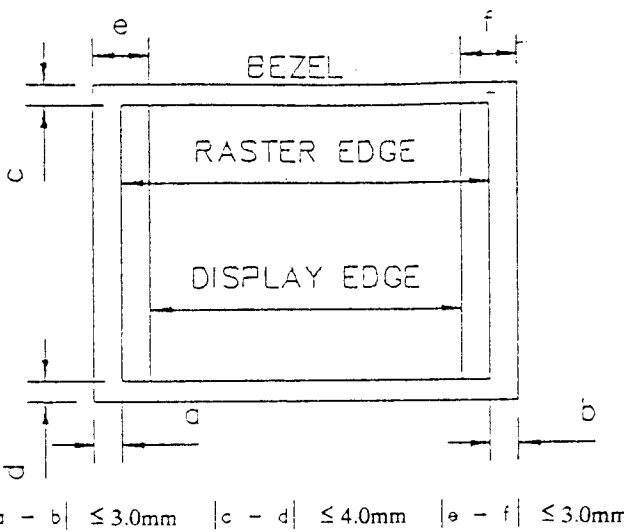
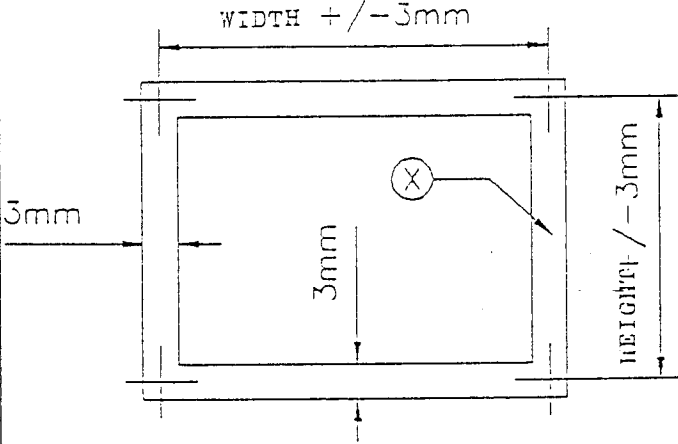
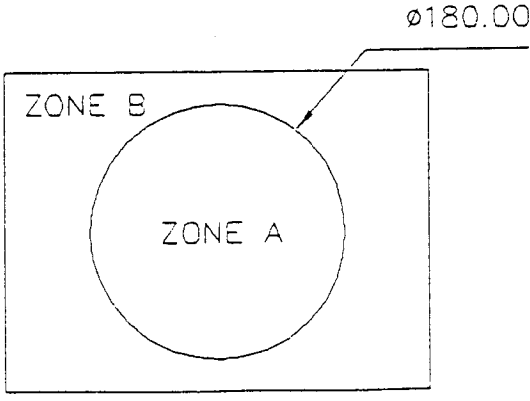
1. Disconnect 240V A.C. power supply.
2. Switch to 110V operation (SK802 s/c).
3. Connect 110V A.C. power supply.
4. Switch A.C. power ON using S801.
5. Set CONTRAST to MAXIMUM and BRIGHTNESS to DETENT.
6. Select mode 3, white video, no border.
7. Check that display is normal.
8. Switch off S801 and disconnect the 110V A.C. power supply.
9. Switch back to 220-240V operation (SK802 o/c).
10. Connect 240V A.C. power supply.
11. Switch ON A.C. power using S801.
12. Check that display is normal.

5.2.25 SAFETY TEST (POWER DISCONNECTED, SWITCH S801 ON) ⚠

Note: SAFETY TEST MUST BE CARRIED OUT ON ALL MONITORS. A CHASSIS FAILING IN ANY PART OF THIS SECTION (5.2.23) MUST BE REJECTED.

1. CHECK LEAKAGE FROM LIVE AND NEUTRAL TO THE PROTECTIVE EARTH. LEAKAGE CURRENT MUST NOT EXCEED 3.5mA (EN 60950 Paragraph 5.2.3 reference to appendix C). TYPICAL READING 0.5mA
2. THE RESISTANCE OF THE SIGNAL CABLE SHELL TO THE PROTECTIVE EARTH MUST NOT EXCEED 0.1 Ohms.
3. HAVING CONNECTED TOGETHER LIVE AND NEUTRAL, A BREAKDOWN TEST OF 2120V D.C. APPLIED BETWEEN LIVE/NEUTRAL AND EARTH MUST NOT RESULT IN AN INSULATION FAILURE OR BREAKDOWN.

W Series Spec/Limits

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| RASTER + DISPLAY CENTERING |  <p> $a - b \leq 3.0\text{mm}$ $c - d \leq 4.0\text{mm}$ $e - f \leq 3.0\text{mm}$ </p> | <p>HORIZONTAL CENTRE CONTRAST = CENTRAL BRIGHTNESS = MAXIMUM MODE = 10 PATTERN = WHITE RASTER</p> <p>VERTICAL CENTRE CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT PATTERN = 4 X 4 GRID</p> <p>HORIZONTAL PHASE CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT MODE = 10 PATTERN = WHITE RASTER</p> |
| GEOMETRIC DISTORTION |  <p> WIDTH $\pm 3\text{mm}$ HEIGHT $\pm 3\text{mm}$ 3mm 3mm </p> <p>ALLOWING FOR HEIGHT AND WIDTH SETTING TOLERANCES, TOTAL DISPLAY DISTORTION MUST BE WITHIN AREA (X)</p> | <p>GEOMETRIC DISTORTION CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT MODE = 10 PATTERN = WHITE RASTER</p> <p>WIDTH = 270mm (15") 260mm (14")</p> <p>HEIGHT = 202mm (15") 190mm (14")</p> |
| CONVERGENCE |  <p> $\phi 180.00$ ZONE B ZONE A </p> <p> ZONE A < 0.30mm ZONE B < 0.50mm </p> | <p>STATIC CONVERGENCE CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT PATTERN = CROSS-HATCH</p> |

W Series Spec/Limits

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS |
|-----------|--|--|
| LINEARITY | <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{ccccccc} X1 & X2 & X3 & & & & Xn \\ \hline Y1 & & & & & & \\ Y2 & & & & & & \\ Y3 & & & & & & \\ Y4 & & & & & & \end{array}$ $\text{AVERAGE } X = \frac{\sum X1 \dots Xn}{n} = \bar{X}$ $\text{AVERAGE } Y = \frac{\sum Y1 \dots Y4}{4} = \bar{Y}$ $\frac{(X - Xi)}{\bar{X}} \leq 0.05 \text{ for } i = 1 \text{ to } n$ $\frac{(Y - Yi)}{\bar{Y}} \leq 0.05 \text{ for } i = 1 \text{ to } 4$ <p>NOTE: NO STEP CHANGES ALLOWED</p> </div> | <p>VERTICAL LINEARITY</p> <p>CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT MODE = 10 PATTERN = 4 X 4 GRID</p> <p>HORIZONTAL LINEARITY</p> <p>CONTRAST = MAXIMUM BRIGHTNESS = DETENT MODE = 10 PATTERN = CROSS-HATCH</p> |

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| Section 7. | PCB Layouts |
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| Section 10. | Circuit Diagrams |

ILLUSTRATIONS

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| Section 8 | page 30 | Deflection Panel adjustment locations |
| Section 8 | page 31 | Control Panel adjustment locations |
| Section 10 | page 38 | Power Management circuit diagram |
| Combined circuit diagram- | | Rear wallet |

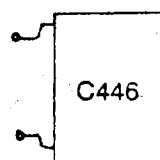
SECTION 6 W SERIES WAVEFORMS

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| <p>TR422c LINE DRIVE WAVEFORM</p> <p>70V 40V 0V 31.75us (DUTY CYCLE ~ 50%)</p> | <p>FIELD WAVEFORM IC301 pin 1 PL403 pin 5</p> <p>45V 0V 20ms</p> | <p>E - W CORRECTION TR407c</p> <p>2.5Vpp 16.7ms</p> |
| <p>TR402c LINE FLYBACK WAVEFORM</p> <p>990V 0V 31.75us 3.2us</p> | <p>BLANKING PULSE WAVEFORM (LINE RATE) PL402 pin 1</p> <p>1V 0V 31.75us 3.5us</p> | <p>BLANKING PULSE WAVEFORM (FIELD RATE) PL402 pin 1</p> <p>1V 0V 16.6ms 0.4ms</p> |
| <p>CLAMP PULSE WAVEFORM PL402 pin 2</p> <p>5V 0V 31.75us 3.5us</p> | <p>Q801 DRAIN WAVEFORM SMPS WAVEFORM Q801d</p> <p>500V 0V 31.75us</p> | |

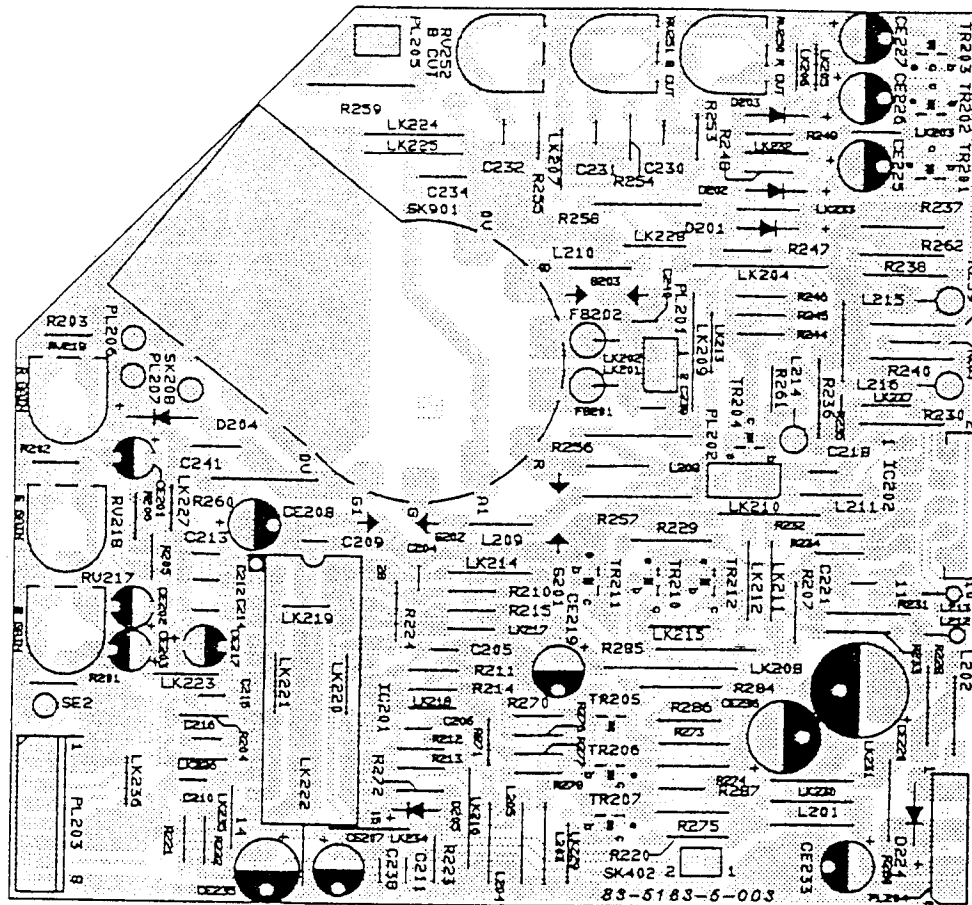
DEFLECTION PANEL (Component side)



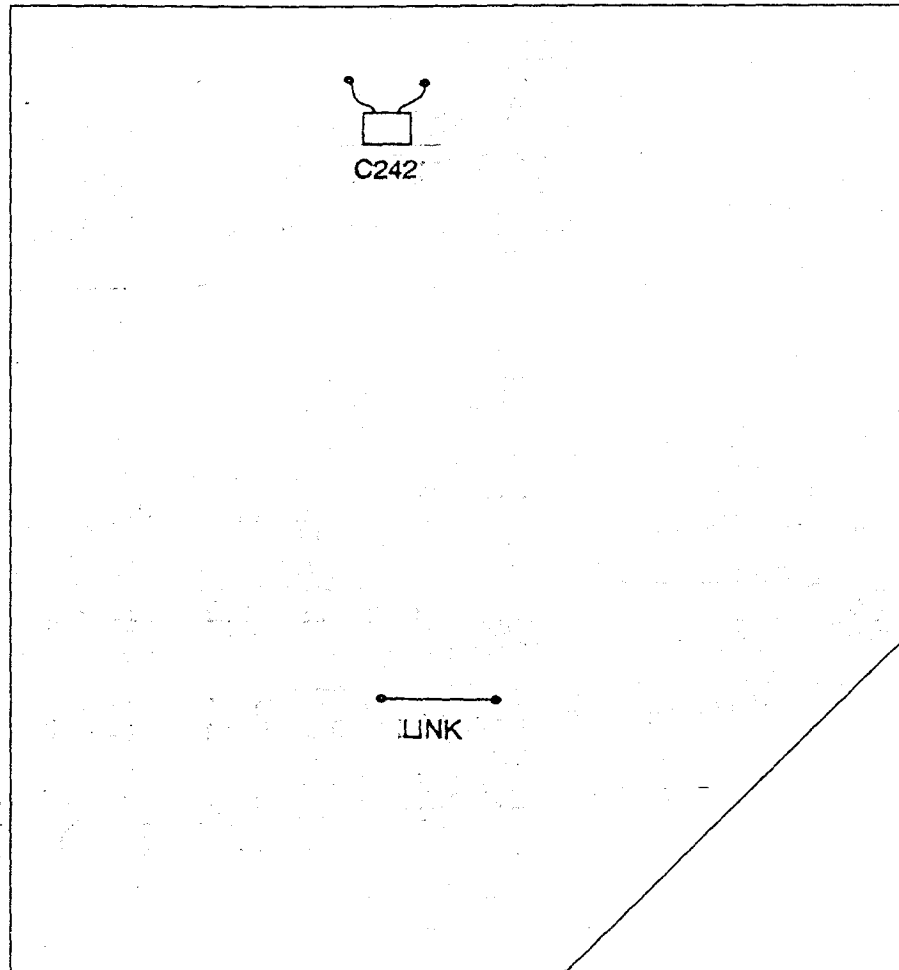
DEFLECTION PANEL (Track side)



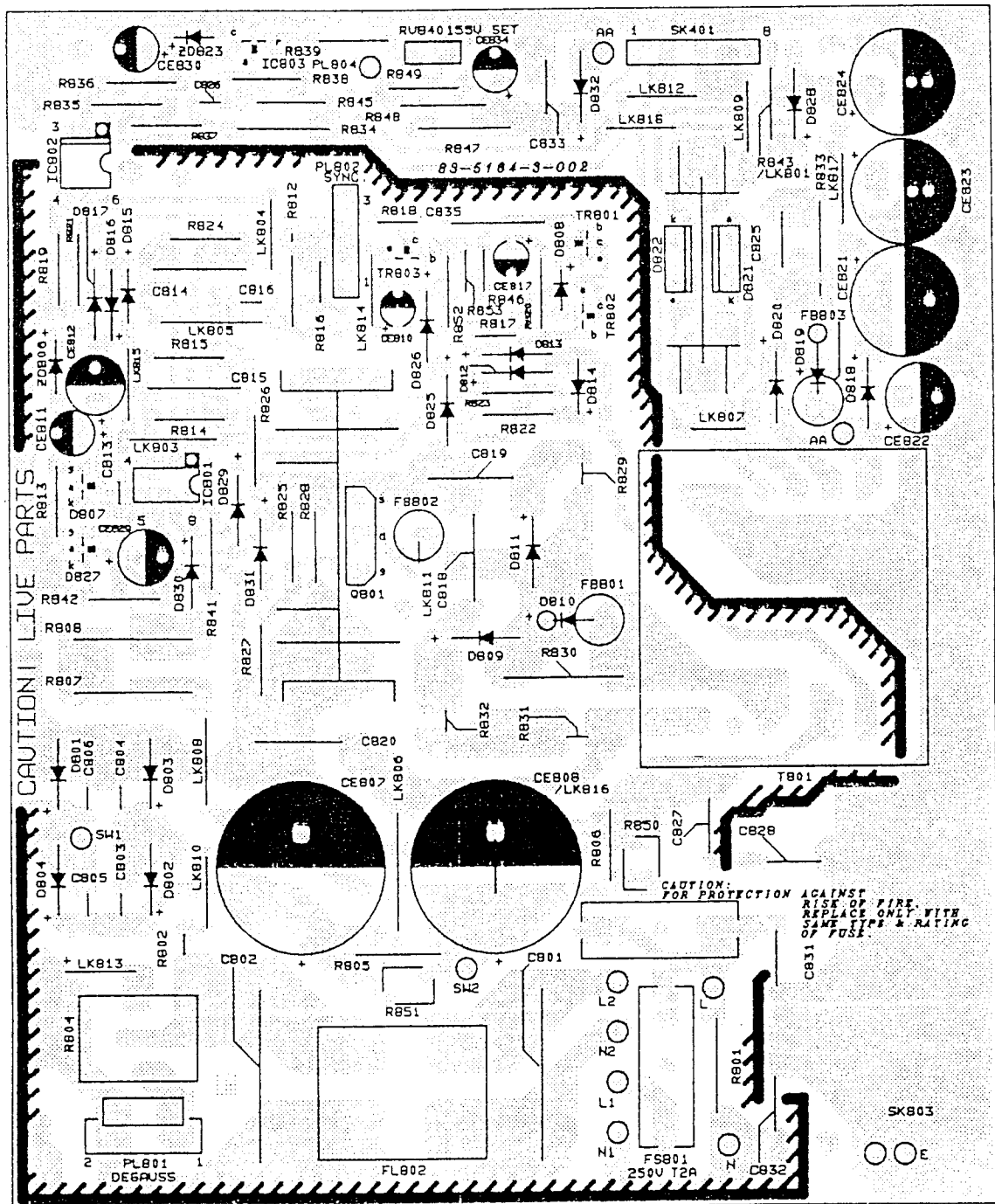
VIDEO PANEL (Component side)



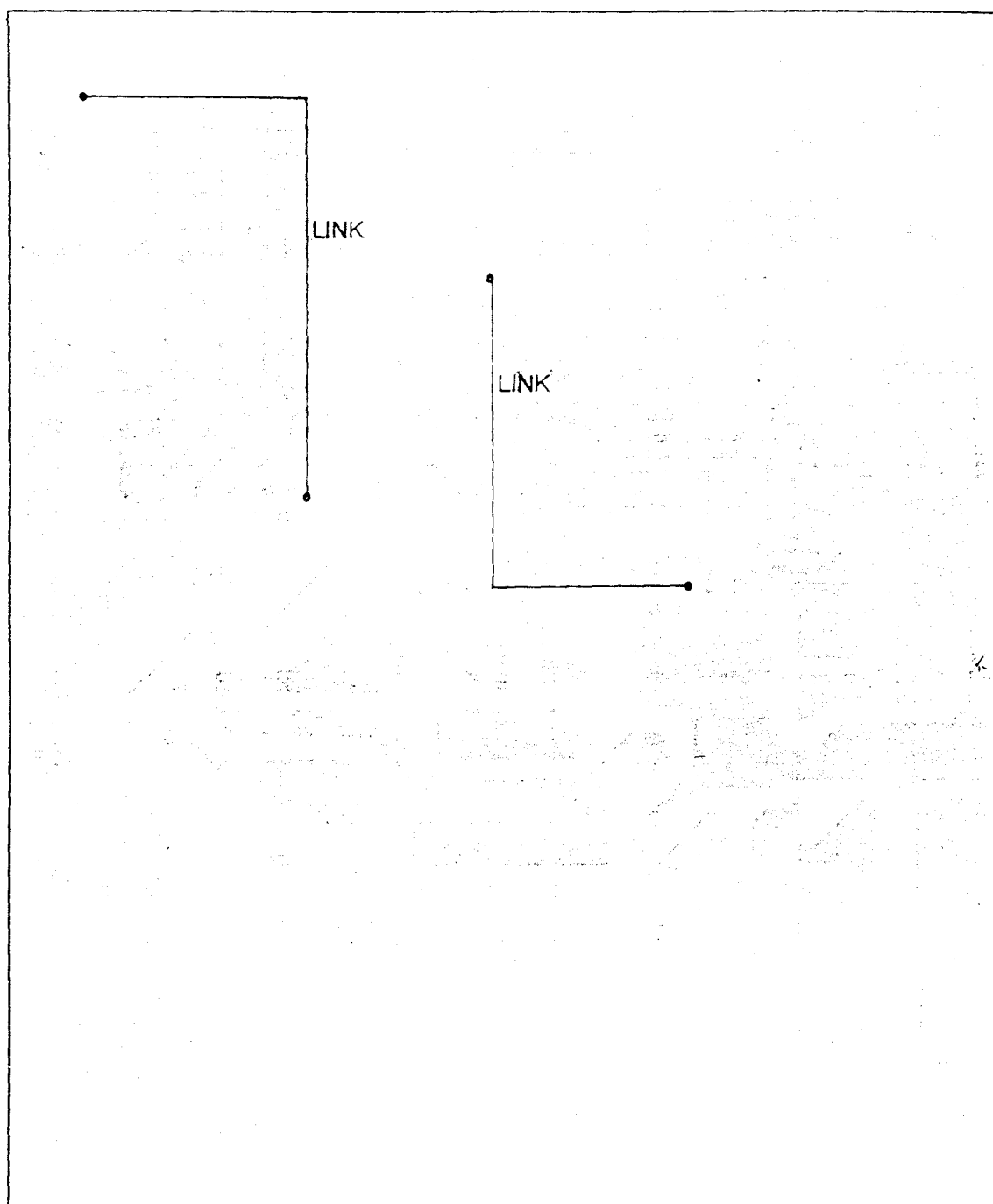
VIDEO PANEL (Track side)



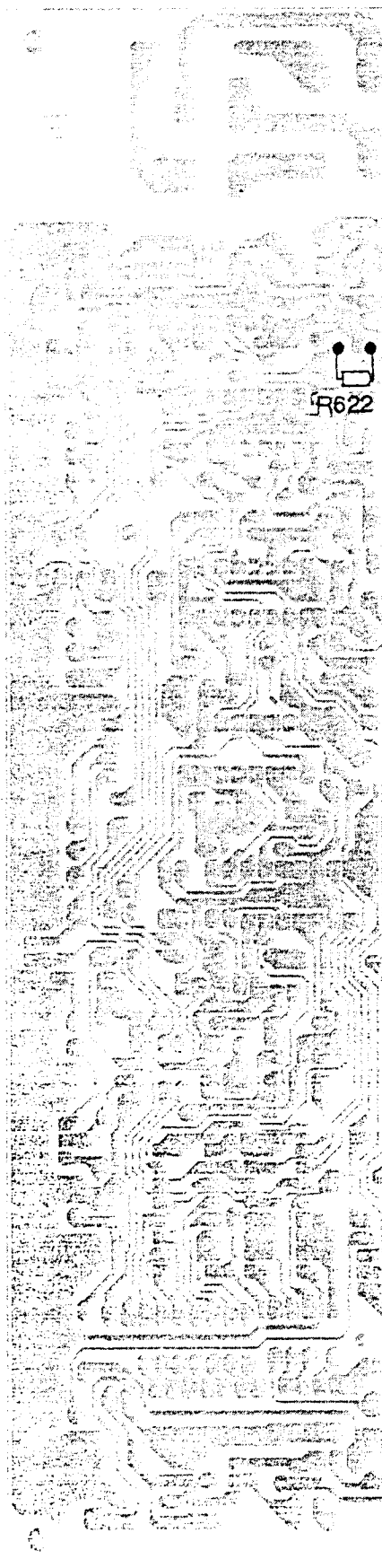
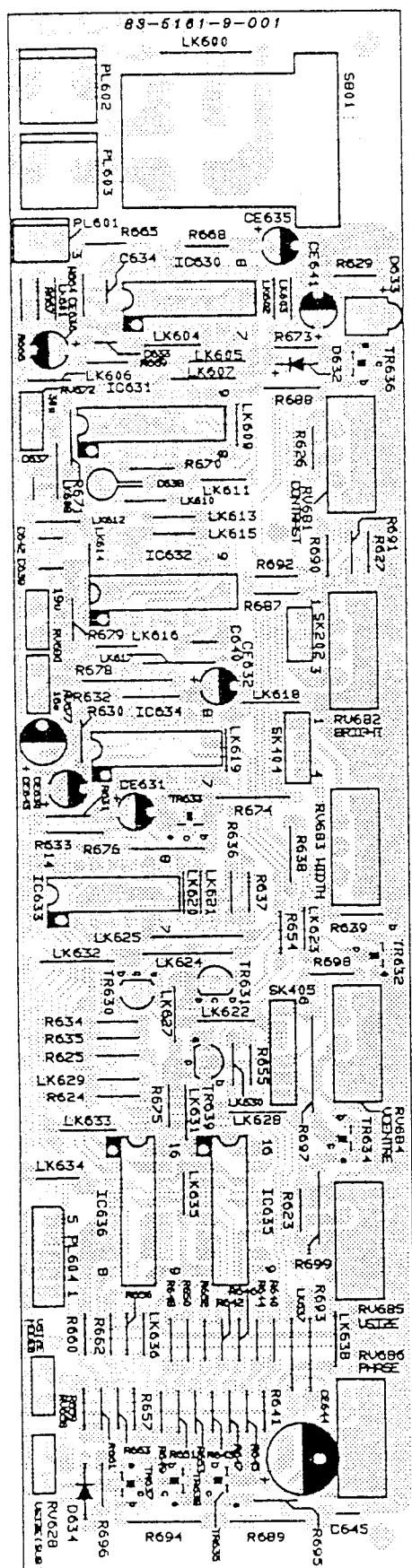
POWER SUPPLY PANEL (Component side)



POWER SUPPLY PANEL (Track side)

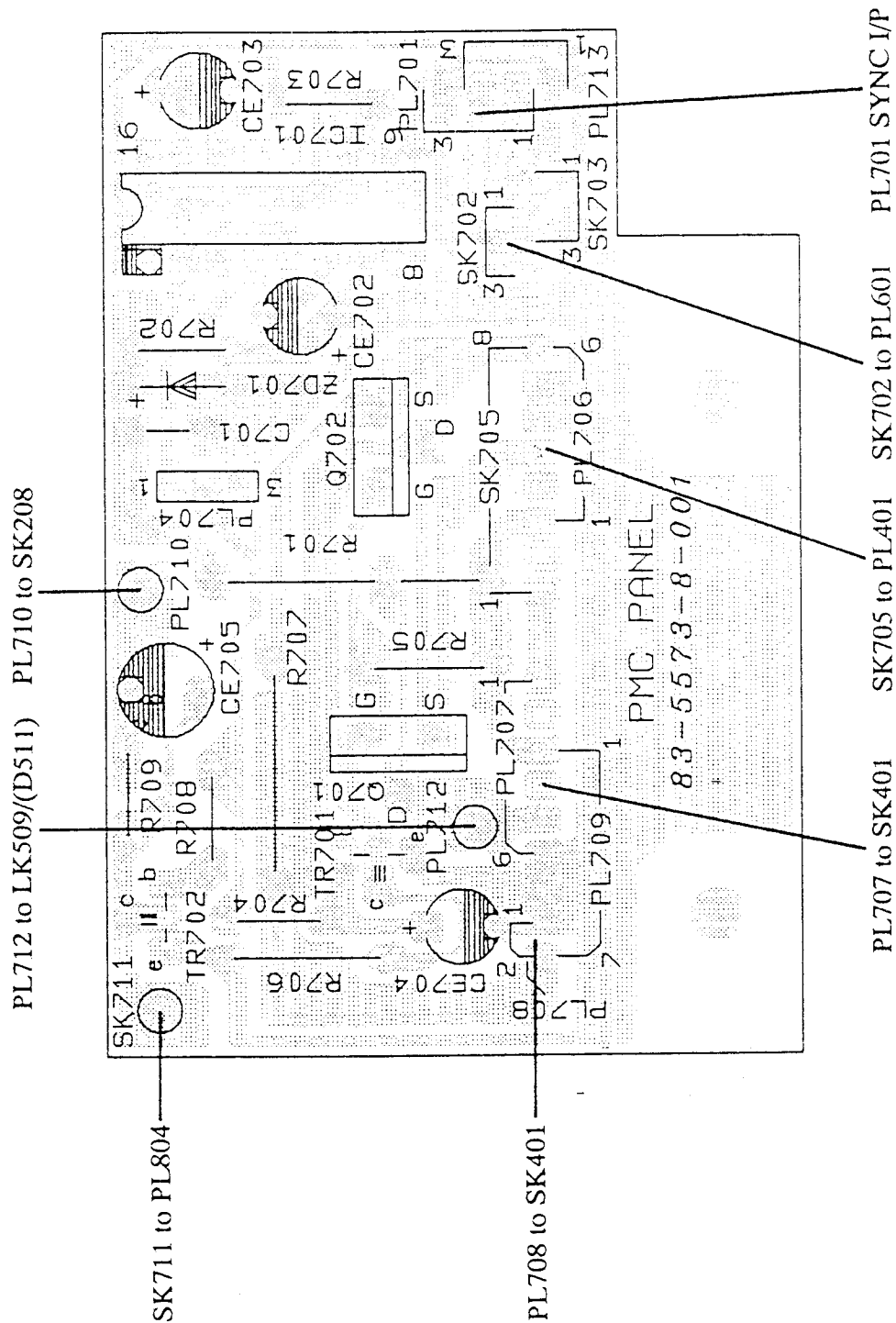


Track side



[illegible]

POWER MANAGEMENT PANEL INTERCONNECTIONS



SECTION 1. SPECIFICATION

1.1 Power Input

220-240V AC or
100-125/220-240V AC, 48-63Hz
depending on model.
Power consumption: <85W normal operation.
<30W in power saving mode.

1.2 Sync Input

TTL Levels :

| Mode | H-Sync | V-Sync | H Freq/kHz | V-Freq/Hz |
|------|--------|--------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | + | - | 31.5 | 70.1 |
| 2 | - | + | 31.5 | 70.1 |
| 3 | - | - | 31.5 | 59.9 |
| 4 | + | + | 37.9 | 60.3 |
| 5 | + | - | 37.8 | 84.1 |
| 6 | - | + | 37.7 | 84.0 |
| 7 | - | - | 37.8 | 72.8 |
| 8 | + | + | 48.1 | 72.0 |
| 9 | +/- | +/- | 48.4 | 60.0 |
| 10 | - | - | 56.5 | 70.1 |
| 11 | +/- | +/- | 57.0 | 70.7 |

(P models only) Presence of sync. signals determines the power saving status.

1.3 Signal Cable

1 metre long with 15-way sub-miniature 'D' connector

1.4 Cathode Ray Tube

14" (13V) Diagonal landscape mode or
15" (14V) diagonal FST landscape mode.
Dot pitch 0.28mm, anti-glare screen.
V models only:
VLMF (Very Low Magnetic Field emissions).
VA models only:
Anti-static and VLMF

1.5 Operating Ranges

Temperature: 10-35°C.
Humidity: 20-85% (non-condensing).

1.6 Weight

13kg (14kg for 15" model).

1.7 Video Input

RGB Analogue video
signal 0.71V positive.

1.8 User Controls

Power On/Off
Contrast
Brightness
Width
V-Centre
Height
H-Phase

1.9 Display Colours

Infinite array

1.10 Display Area

14" 260mm W x 190mm H
(approximately)
15" 270mm W x 202mm H
(approximately)

1.11 Dimensions

Width- 361mm.
Depth- 382mm.
Height- 380mm with
swivel base fitted,
345mm without.

SECTION 2. PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY

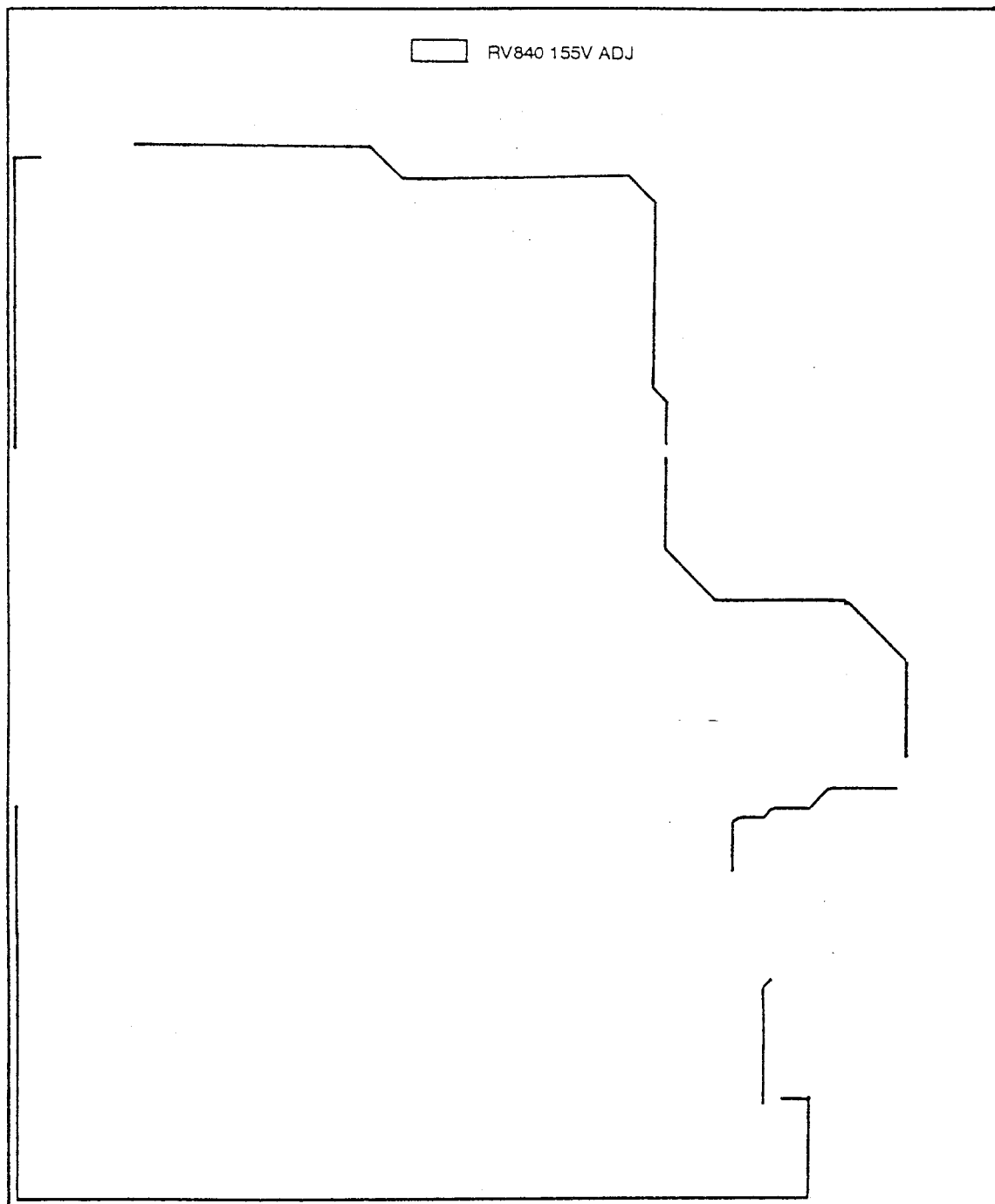
2.1 Observe all cautionary and safety related notes located on the chassis, cabinet and display tube.

2.2 Operation of the monitor with the back cover removed presents a potential shock hazard. Only personnel familiar with the precautions necessary for safe working on high voltage equipment should attempt to carry out servicing.

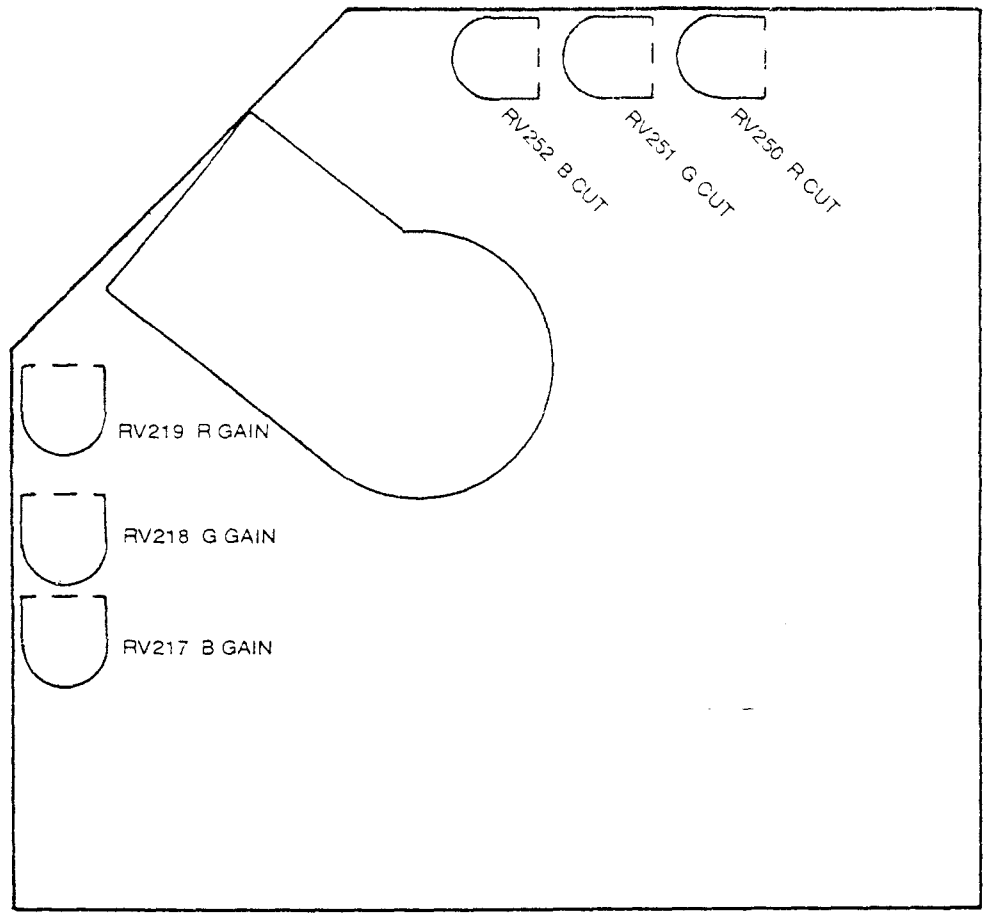
2.3 Always wear safety approved shatter-proof goggles when removing, installing or generally handling the picture tube. People not so equipped should be kept at a safe distance when any such handling is being undertaken. Do not handle the picture tube by the neck or deflection coil. Do not carry the picture tube resting against the body.

SECTION 8 ADJUSTMENTS

POWER SUPPLY PANEL



VIDEO PANEL



DEFLECTION PANEL

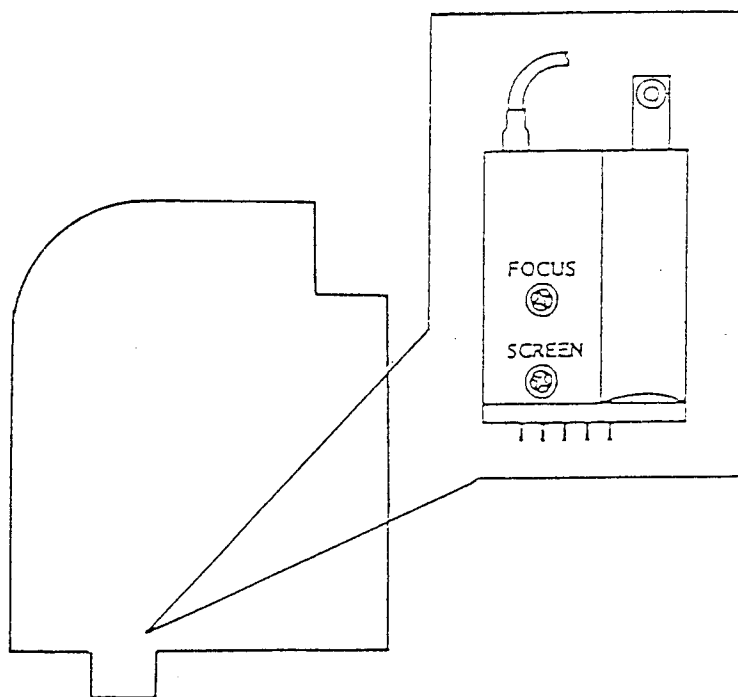
B+ ADJ RV512

PHASE BALANCE RV401

RV414 H SHIFT

V LIN RV316

V FREQ RV303



KEYSTONE RV324

WIDTH ADJ RV422

E/W RV331

CONTROL PANEL

| | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> RV672 30 μ s | RV681 CONTRAST | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RV680 19 μ s | RV682 BRIGHTNESS | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RV677 16 μ s | | |
| | RV683 WIDTH | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | RV684 V.CENTRE | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | RV685 V.SIZE | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RV658 V.SIZE MODE 8 | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> RV628 V.SIZE ADJ. | RV686 PHASE | <input type="checkbox"/> |

SECTION 9 LIST OF COMPONENTS

9.1 RESISTORS

Components which are marked Δ in the Parts List and on the circuit diagram are Safety Approved types and should be replaced only with components supplied or approved by the manufacturer's Service Department. It is also recommended that components not marked with the safety symbol should be replaced with parts of the type originally fitted. This applies particularly to those resistors which are stood off the printed circuit board.

The manufacturer reserves the right to modify the design of the product, and to use or supply such alternative components as may be deemed necessary.

Not all components are fitted to every chassis variant. Always replace with the same type as originally fitted or an alternative approved by the manufacturer's Service Department.

The majority of resistors are either 0.125W, 0.25W, 0.4W, 0.5W or 0.6W, 5% or 10% standard carbon or metal film types which are readily available from most component stockists. Replacements should be of the same rating and tolerance as the originals. Refer to the appropriate circuit diagram for values.

The resistors listed below should only be replaced with components approved or supplied by TATUNG Service Department.

Legend of the symbols preceding some components in this parts listing:

| | |
|----------|---|
| * | 110/240V switchable version - N3 for America. |
| Σ | 240V only version - N1 for Europe. |
| θ | Fitted on 300mA heater current Toshiba tubes. |

| Cct Ref. | Value | Tol% | Wattage | Type | Part Number |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|--------------------|
| R223 | 2K2 | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5657-8 |
| R224, | 12K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5537-7 |
| Δ R228,411 | 4R7 | 5 | 0.5 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5291-2 |
| R256-258 | 100R | 10 | 0.5 | C-COMP | 11-5452-4 |
| R259,260 | 1K | 10 | 0.5 | C-COMP | 11-2621-0 |
| Δ R280 | 220R | 5 | 0.5 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5424-9 |
| R406 | 220R | 5 | 3.0 | W/WOUND | 11-5542-3 |
| R410 | 470R | 10 | 0.5 | C-COMP | 11-2715-2 |
| R426 (14" Tube) | 1K | 5 | 0.125 | C/F | 11-5213-0 |
| R426 (15" Tube) | 150R | 5 | 0.125 | S/F | 11-5223-8 |
| R445 | 11K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5654-3 |
| R521 | 39R | 5 | 5.0 | W/WOUND | 11-5659-4 |
| R522 | 82R | 5 | 2.0 | W/WOUND | 11-5658-6 |
| Δ R801 | 270K | 5 | 0.5 | M/GLAZE | 11-5319-6 |
| R838 | 100K | 2 | 0.6 | M/F | 11-5266-1 |
| R805,806 | 220K | 5 | 0.25 | C/F | 11-3377-2 * |
| R807,808 | 33K | 5 | 3.0 | M/F | 11-5661-6 |
| R829 | 2K5 | 5 | 7.0 | W/WOUND | 11-5580-6 |
| Δ R830 | 1K | 5 | 2.0 | M/OXIDE | 11-5612-8 |
| R831,832 | 18K | 5 | 5.0 | W/WOUND | 11-5576-8 |
| Δ R843 | 0R68 | 5 | 0.5 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5294-7 θ |
| R846 | 24K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5655-1 |
| R641,659,661,663 | 39K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5623-3 |
| R643 | 62K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5650-0 |
| R644 | 3K0 | 1 | 0.125 | S/F | 11-5363-3 |
| R645,651 | 51K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5609-8 |
| R649 | 43K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5607-1 |
| R653,655,657,647 | 33K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5606-3 |
| R670 | 18K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5620-9 |
| R689 | 100K | 1 | 0.125 | M/F | 11-5613-6 |
| Δ R701 | 1K | 5 | 0.5 | M/F FUSIBLE | 11-4292-5 |
| Δ R707 (Toshiba CRT) | 6R8 | 10 | 2 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5669-1 |
| Δ R707 (Hitachi CRT) | 0R39 | 10 | 2 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5686-1 |
| Δ R707 (C.P.T CRT) | 2R2 | 10 | 2 | M/F FL.RET | 11-5688-8 |
| R802 | THERMISTOR 10R NTC | | | | 11-5529-6 |
| Δ R804 | THERMISTOR DUAL POS | | | | 11-3569-4 Σ |
| Δ R804 | THERMISTOR DUAL PTC 18R | | | | 11-5531-8 * |
| Δ R850,851 | VARISTOR VL140LA2 | | | | 11-5643-8 * |
| RV217-219 | 100R | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3170-7 |
| RV250-252 | 100K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3183-9 |
| RV303,331,658 | 10K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3199-5 |
| RV316 | 100K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3202-9 |

| Cct Ref. | Value | Tol% | Wattage | Type | Part Number |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------|----------------|------|-------------|
| RV324,401,672, RV677,680 | 4K7 | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3204-5 |
| RV414 | 100R | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN 0.1W | | 12-4585-6 |
| RV422 | 22K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-4588-0 |
| RV512 | 1K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-4582-1 |
| RV840 | 470R | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3211-8 |
| RV628 | 47K | POT LIN 25% | PST MIN | | 12-3205-3 |
| RV681,684,686 | 10K | POT LIN 20% | R121V0AF15B103 | | 12-3215-0 |
| RV682,683,685 | 100K | POT LIN 20% | R121V1AF15B104 | | 12-3206-1 |

9.2 Capacitors

Many of the capacitors are common usage components and can be obtained from most electronic component stockists. Refer to the circuit diagram for values. Replacements must be of the same tolerance and rating as the originals.

Capacitor types are identified according to the following codes:

C - Ceramic; CD - Ceramic Disc; CP - Ceramic Plate; E - Electrolytic; MP - Metallised Polyester; P - Polystyrene; PP - Polypropylene; TC - Tubular Ceramic.

| Cct Ref. | Value | Tol% | Voltage | Type | Part Number |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------|------------|-------------|
| C210 | 10n | -20+80 | 63 | CP | 14-6892-8 |
| C221,230-232,440, C308 | 10n | 20 | 400 | MP | 14-6838-3 |
| C234,241 | 10n | -20+50 | 2kV | CD | 14-6954-1 |
| C242,445 | 100n | 5 | 100 | CP | 14-7221-6 |
| C315 | 10n | 10 | 400 | MP | 14-6994-0 |
| C317,816,301,306 | 4n7 | 10 | 100 | CP | 14-6894-4 |
| C318 | 220p | 2 | 50 | CP N470 | 14-7092-2 |
| C321,428,522,634 | 1n | 10 | 100 | CP | 14-6934-7 |
| C322,519 | 10n | -20+80 | 63 | CP | 14-6892-8 |
| C403 | 15n | 20 | 400 | MP | 14-6933-9 |
| C411 | 1n | 20 | 400 | CD | 14-4320-8 |
| C420 | 56p | 5 | 2kV | CP | 14-7215-1 |
| C425 | 10n | -20+50 | 100 | CP | 14-6903-7 |
| C441 | 470p | 10 | 100 | CP | 14-6940-1 |
| C442,826 | 22n | 10 | 250 | MP | 14-6877-4 |
| C506 | 3n3 | 10 | 100 | CP | 14-6998-3 |
| C510,637,639,640 | 10n | 5 | 400 | MP | 14-6842-1 |
| C521,833 | 100n | 20 | 250 | MP | 14-4386-0 |
| C314 | 180p | 1 | 630 | P | 14-6014-5 |
| C406 | 470p | 5 | 1k5 | PP | 14-6985-1 |
| C407 | 5n6 | 5 | 2kV | PP | 14-7222-4 |
| C409 | 15n | 5 | 630 | PP | 14-7237-2 |
| C413 | 390n | 5 | 250 | PP | 14-7241-0 |
| C415 | 1μ | 5 | 250 | PP | 14-7225-9 |
| C416 | 680n | 5 | 250 | PP | 14-7236-4 |
| C421,427 | 470p | 1 | 630 | P | 14-6999-1 |
| C435 | 120p | 1 | 630 | P | 14-4917-6 |
| C436,835 | 1n0 | 1 | 250 | P | 14-7003-5 |
| C444 | 220p | 20 | 400 | CD | 14-4537-5 |
| C446 | 2n2 | 5 | 1600 | | 14-7248-8 |
| C507,814,815,638 | 3n3 | 1 | 160 | P | 14-4849-8 |
| C511 | 100n | 20 | 100 | MP | 14-6864-2 |
| C813 | 470p | 2 | 100 | CP N1500 | 14-7045-0 |
| △ C801 | 1μ | 20 | 250VAC | MAINS | 14-6919-3 |
| △ C802 | 470n | 20 | 250VAC | CLASS X2 | 14-7029-9 |
| △ C806 | 1n | 20 | 250 | C | 14-6937-1 |
| C818 | 33n | 10 | 1kV | PP | 14-6991-6 |
| C819 | 680p | 5 | 1K6 | PP | 14-7077-9 |
| C820 | 100n | 20 | 400 | MP | 14-5003-4 |
| C825 | 22n | 20 | 400 | MP | 14-6981-9 |
| △ C827,828,831,832 | 4n7 | 20 | 250VAC | CLASS Y | 14-7209-7 |
| CE225-227,834,705 | 1μ | 20 | 160 | ELECT | 14-7212-7 |
| CE220 | 47μ | 20 | 160 | ELECT | 14-7120-1 |
| CE236 | 10μ | 20 | 160 | ELECT | 14-7044-2 |
| CE501 | 47μ | 20 | 250 | DC LOW ESR | 14-6992-4 |
| CE504,517 | 33μ | 20 | 160 | 105C ELECT | 14-7205-4 |

| Cct Ref. | Value | Tol% | Voltage | Type | Part Number |
|-----------|------------|------|---------|------------|--------------------|
| CE807 | 100 μ | 20 | 400 | 105C ELECT | 14-7079-5 Σ |
| CE807,808 | 220 μ | 20 | 200 | 105C ELECT | 14-7142-2 * |
| CE821 | 100 μ | 20 | 160 | 10CC ELECT | 14-7144-9 |
| CE822 | 47 μ | 20 | 100 | 105C ELECT | 14-7201-1 |
| CE823 | 2200 μ | 20 | 25 | 105C ELECT | 14-7204-6 |
| CE824 | 1000 μ | 20 | 25 | 105C ELECT | 14-7210-0 |

9.3 Integrated Circuits

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|---------------|--|-------------|
| IC201 | LM1203N NAT SEMI | 19-8589-2 |
| IC202 | LM2416T NAT SEMI | 19-8587-6 |
| IC301 | TDA1675A SGS THOMSON | 19-8480-2 |
| IC302 | TDA4950 SGS THOMSON (14" Tubes) | 19-8660-0 |
| IC302 | TDA8145 SGS THOMSON (15" Tubes) | 19-8698-8 |
| IC303,402 | LM358N NAT SEMI | 19-8356-3 |
| IC401 | 4046B MOTOROLA | 19-8597-3 |
| IC403 | LM317T NAT SEMI | 19-8264-8 |
| IC501 | UC3842AN UNITRODE | 19-8696-1 |
| IC502 | REGULATOR +12V, 0.5A, TO220 MOTOROLA, SGS, NAT SEMI | 19-8398-9 |
| IC503 | REGULATOR +5V, 0.5A, TO220 MOTOROLA | 19-8333-4 |
| IC630 | 74LS86 MOTOROLA | 19-8008-4 |
| IC631,632,701 | 74LS123 MOTOROLA | 19-8039-4 |
| IC633 | 74LS02 MOTOROLA | 19-8006-8 |
| IC634 | 74LS05N NAT SEMI | 19-8648-1 |
| IC635,636 | 74LS156 MOTOROLA | 19-8535-3 |
| IC801 | UC3842AN UNITRODE | 19-8696-1 |
| △ IC802 | CNY17-2ZW QUAL TECH | 19-8644-9 |
| △ IC802 | Alternative TLP731(D4)-LF2 | 19-8690-2 |
| IC803 | REGULATOR TL431CLPR TEXAS | 19-8584-1 |

9.4 Transistors

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|---|---|--------------|
| TR201-203 | BF423 PHILIPS | 19-8293-1 |
| TR204,702 | BF422 PHILIPS | 19-8150-1 |
| TR205-207, TR406,410,411, TR413,414,416, TR417,419-421, TR423,425,426, TR503,801-803, TR636 | 2SA1015Y PNP TOSHIBA | 19-8591-4 |
| TR210-212,412 | PH2369 PHILIPS | 19-8324-5 |
| TR301, TR630-635, TR637-639 | 2SC1815-BL NPN TOSHIBA | 19-8646-5 |
| TR415,418,427, TR501,502,504, TR505,701 | 2SC1815Y NPN TOSHIBA | 19-8590-6 |
| TR422 | 2SD667C HITACHI | 19-8601-5 |
| TR407 | TIP31C TEXAS,SGS,HARRIS | 19-7857-8 |
| TR402 | 2SC3884A TOSHIBA | 19-8467-5 |
| Q501 | FET 2SK526 | 19-8705-4 |
| Q401,402 | FET 2SK1035 12A150V MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC | 19-8602-3 or |
| | FET 2SK525 10A 150V TOSHIBA | 19-8704-6 |
| Q701,702 | BUK452-60B | 19-8710-0 |
| Q801 | FET 2SK1649 TOSHIBA | 19-8647-3 |

9.5 Coils and Chokes

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|--------------|--|-------------|
| L201,202,402 | CHOKE 33 μ H 10% LAL03 TAIYO YUDEN | 15-7818-9 |
| L203-205 | CHOKE 2 μ H 10% | 15-7800-6 |
| L208-210 | CHOKE 150nH 10% | 15-7692-5 |
| L211-213 | CHOKE 680nH 10% | 15-7786-7 |
| L214-216 | CHOKE 1 μ H 10% LAL04 TAIYO YUDEN | 15-7842-1 |
| L403 | CHOKE 1 μ H 10% | 15-7726-3 |

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| L401 | HORIZONTAL LINEARITY COIL, DELTA | 15-7830-8 or |
| L404 | HORIZONTAL LINEARITY COIL, JET SIGNAL | 15-7804-9 |
| L501 | CHOKE 100 μ H 10% | 15-7723-9 |
| L502 | CHOKE 3mH 10% 1A, KV ELECTRONICS | 87-0229-2-001 |
| L901 | CHOKE 10 μ H (HIGH CURRENT) | 85-1753-3 |
| | DEGAUSSING COIL | 87-0235-7-001 |

9.6 Diodes

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|
| D201-203,505 | 1SS83 HITACHI | 19-8595-7 |
| D204,224,301, D504,509-511 D825,826,828 | 1N4003 | 19-8346-6 |
| D205,303,304, D306-308,416, D417,419,422, D423,426-428, D424,431,432 D433,501, D502,506,808, D814-817,830, D632,634,513 D407,408,507, D812,813 | 1N4148 | 19-3992-0 |
| D421,807,827 | RGP10D GEN INST | 19-8603-1 |
| D404 | THYRISTOR TICP106D TEXAS | 19-8544-2 |
| D503 | UF5404 3A 400V 50ns GEN INST | 19-8606-6 |
| D402,403 | RPG10J GEN INST | 19-8331-8 |
| D801-804 | 5A 1600V 5THZ52 TOSHIBA | 19-8650-3 |
| D809,811,818, D810 | BY133GP GEN INST | 19-8144-7 |
| D820,832,819 | RGP15M GEN INST | 19-8340-7 |
| D821,822 | RGP10M GEN INST | 19-5135-1 |
| D633 | BY229-200 PHILIPS | 19-8310-5 |
| ZD302,413 | L.E.D GREEN 90 5mm LEG | 19-8505-1 |
| ZD305 | ZENER 2V7 500mW | 19-8598-1 |
| ZD418 | ZENER C9V1 5% 345mW V/REG | 19-4033-3 |
| ZD420 | ZENER C6V8 5% 345mW V/REG | 19-4528-9 |
| ZD512 | ZENER C33V 5% 345mW V/REG | 19-8531-0 |
| ZD701 | ZENER C4V7 5% 350mW V/REG | 19-8032-7 |
| ZD806 | ZENER C5V1 5% 345mW V/REG | 19-6295-7 |
| ZD823 | ZENER C16V 5% 345mW V/REG | 19-4517-3 |
| | ZENER C12V 5% 350mW V/REG | 19-5070-3 |

9.7 Transformers

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| T401 | LINE DRIVE | 87-0234-9-001 |
| ⚠ T402 | FLYBACK MURATA | 15-7794-8-004 or |
| | FLYBACK SANYO | 15-7792-1-004 |
| T403 | DIODE MODULATOR | 87-0223-3-003 |
| T501 | GATE DRIVE | 87-0233-0-001 |
| ⚠ T801 | SWITCHED MODE | 87-0217-9-002 |

9.8 Crystals, Filters, Delay Lines

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| ⚠ FL802 | FILTER TLF-011 SHINING YUAN | 15-7688-7 |

9.9 Wiring Assemblies

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| ⚠ SK901 | CRT BASE SKT CVT3240-1251 SMK | 25-2070-2 |
| SK402 | WIRING HARNESS BKG/CMP | 83-5207-0-002 |
| SK208 | WIRE G1 BIAS | 83-5320-4-002 |
| SK406,714 | SHUNT TYPE 9610-102-10 METHODE | 22-8203-8 |
| SK204 | WIRING HARNESS, POWER VIDEO | 83-5206-2-002 |
| SK604 | WIRING HARNESS, SYNC DECODER | 83-5201-1-003 |
| SK401 | WIRING HARNESS, POWER DEFL. | 83-5205-4-002 |
| SK602,603 | WIRING HARNESS, AC POWER | 83-5209-7-002 |

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|----------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| SK202 | WIRING HARNESS, BRI/CONT | 83-5208-9-003 |
| SK404 | WIRING HARNESS, WIDTH | 83-5204-6-003 |
| SK405 | WIRING HARNESS, S-CAP | 83-5203-8-002 |
| SK409 | WIRE OVP DRIVE | 83-5711-0-001 |
| SK702 | WIRING HARNESS, SYNC. FEED | 83-5588-6-001 |
| SK705 | WIRING HARNESS, POWER DEFLECTION | 83-5205-4-002 |
| SK707 | WIRING HARNESS, POWER SOURCE | 83-5589-4-001 |
| SK711 | WIRING HARNESS, SPOT SUPPRESSION | 83-5591-6-001 |
| SK712 | WIRING HARNESS, 12V REGULATOR\ | 83-5590-8-001 |

9.10 Connectors

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| PL201,402,708 | 2 WAY PLUG | 22-8386-7 |
| PL202 | 3 WAY PLUG | 22-8372-7 |
| PL203 | 8 WAY PLUG JAE | 22-8390-5 |
| PL204,401, PL405,707 | 6 WAY PLUG 5267-06NA MOLEX | 22-8352-2 |
| PL205 | 1 WAY PLUG B1P-LV-TN-JST | 22-8280-1 |
| PL206,207,407, PL409,804,710,712 | PCB PIN 2.36mm MOLEX 16-06-0005 | 22-8421-9 |
| PL403 | BASE OF PIN 6P. HBR-206C | 22-8255-0 |
| PL404 | 4 WAY PLUG 5267-04 | 22-8363-8 |
| PL406 | 4 WAY PLUG 22-03-2041 MOLEX | 22-8210-0 |
| PL408 | WIRE LINK | 83-5517-7-001 |
| PL601,701 | 3 WAY PLUG JAE | 22-8391-3 |
| PL602,603 | 2 WAY PLUG 5289 | 22-8402-2 |
| PL604 | 4 WAY PLUG 5267-05 | 22-8364-6 |
| PL704 | 3 WAY PLUG | 22-8076-0 |
| PL801 | 2 WAY PLUS BASE | 22-8423-5 |
| PL802 | 3 WAY PLUG RTB-1.5-3 JST | 22-8279-8 |

9.11 CRT

| Description | Part Number |
|---|-------------|
| △ 14" M34AFA60X33 CHUNGHWA STANDARD | 18-1040-5 |
| △ 14" M34AFA80X33 CHUNGHWA ANTI-STATIC | 18-1049-9 |
| △ 15" M36KLH80X17(DH) HITACHI NORMAL | 18-1058-8 |
| △ 15" M36KLH80X17(YH) HITACHI NORMAL | 18-1063-4 |
| △ 15" M36KLH680X18 HITACHI VLMF/ANTI-STATIC | 18-1056-1 |
| △ 15" M36KPN26XX04 TOSHIBA NORMAL | 18-1055-3 |

9.12 Miscellaneous

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| △ SE2 | LEAD PRIMARY EARTH (MOLEX) | 83-5273-9-001 |
| SE4 | LEAD EARTH W SERIES | 83-5651-3-001 |
| △ FS401 | FUSE, T500mA TR5-T 19372/K | 21-3713-5 |
| E2 | LEAD, E2 (MOLEX) | 83-5168-6-001 |
| △ F801A | FUSE HOLDER DE611/01 | 21-3712-7 |
| △ FS801 | FUSE, TIMELAG 2A CERAMIC | 21-3685-6 |
| △ SE1 | LEAD, PRIMARY EARTH | 83-5686-6-001 |
| △ S801 | SWITCH, 2 POLE PUSH-PUSH POWER | 20-4091-3 |
| △ S801 | ALTERNATIVE, 2 POLE MAINS DPST | 20-4089-1 |
| △ G201,202,203 | SPARK GAP DSP-201M-A11F MITSUBISHI | 21-3727-5-26 |
| △ | △ KNOB, V/R ABS | 83-4008-0-002 |
| | SIGNAL LEAD | 83-5260-7-001 |
| | COVER ESCUTCHEON | 83-4306-3/130100 |
| | BRAID EMC | 83-5514-2-001 |
| | SWIVEL WASHER | 83-4148-6-003 |
| | RUBBER FOOT (WHITE) | 83-5020-5-002 |
| | △ MAINS CORDSET IEC320, 10A, 1 METRE | 22-8366-2 |
| * | △ POWER CORDSET UL | 22-8355-7 |
| * | SWITCH SLIDE SPDT | 20-4090-5 |
| | △ CHASSIS RUNNER L.H MX3 ABS | 83-4054-4-001 |
| | △ CHASSIS RAIL R.H ABS | 83-4005-6-003 |
| | △ PCB SUPPORT BRACKET MX3 ABS | 83-4916-9-001 |

| Cct Ref. | Description | Part Number |
|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| (V/VA MODELS) | COIL, MAGNETIC FIELD CANCELLING | 83-5323-9-002 |
| (V/VA MODELS) | LEAD DAG COAT EARTH | 83-5185-6-003 |
| (V/VA MODELS) | SPRING CONNECTOR DAG COATING | 83-5215-1-002 |
| | FOAM PAD | 83-4623-2 |
| | HEATSINK/SCREEN VIDEO | 83-5013-2-003 |
| | HEATSINK DEFLECTOR | 83-5151-1-003 |
| | EARTHING BRAID (14") | 83-5303-4-001 |
| | EARTHING BRAID (15") | 83-5363-8-001 |
| | △ LEAD, P-BAND SAFETY EARTH 310mm | 83-5286-0-002 |
| | △ CONNECTOR, AC POWER, IEC320, 10A | 22-8322-0 |
| | PRISM | 83-4315-2-002 |
| | BRACKET MAINS FILTER | 83-4060-9-006 |
| | SCREEN DST MX3 | 83-4921-5-002 |
| | SCREEN PSU INNER | 83-5012-4-001 |
| | CLAMP PLATE | 83-5016-7-001 |
| | BRACKET CLAMP DST | 83-5150-3-002 |
| | OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS W SERIES | 79-1481-4-005A |
| * | OP' INST'S W SERIES USA/CANADA | 79-1527-6-002 |

N.B. When ordering the following parts you will need the serial and model numbers of the monitor to ensure you receive the correct part. Because of different batch numbers there may be slight variations in colour when ordering the following designated replacement parts.

| | |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| △ FRONT COVER MX3 (14") | 83-4052-8 |
| △ FRONT COVER MX3 (15") | 83-4050-1 |
| △ BACK COVER MX3 (14"/15") | 83-4053-6 |
| SWIVEL BASE MX2/MX3 | 83-5024-8 |
| SWIVEL TOP MX2/MX3 | 83-4057-9 |
| △ KNOB ON/OFF MX3 | 83-4055-2 |

2.4 The picture tube is designed and constructed to limit X-Radiation to a safe level during normal operation. To maintain the required level of protection and safe operation, replacement tubes must be correctly adjusted and any protective circuits **must not be defeated**.

2.5 A.C. Leakage Current Test

After servicing and before returning the display to the customer, perform a thorough safety test to ensure there is no potential shock hazard to the operator. The safety test should consist of a high voltage test (1500V rms, 50/60Hz) between live and neutral joined together and earth for one minute; an earth continuity test at 25 amps between the primary safety earth point (marked with a \oplus symbol, located near the AC power inlet connector) and the earth terminal of the AC power plug and, if possible, an AC current leakage test on the exposed metallic parts of the cabinet, e.g. signal cable shell and screw heads. Using the test circuit shown in Fig.1, connect the monitor power lead, via an isolating transformer, to the AC supply and switch on. Measure the AC leakage current between exposed metallic parts of the cabinet and each pole of the isolated supply in turn. The earth leakage current should not exceed 1.0mA rms.

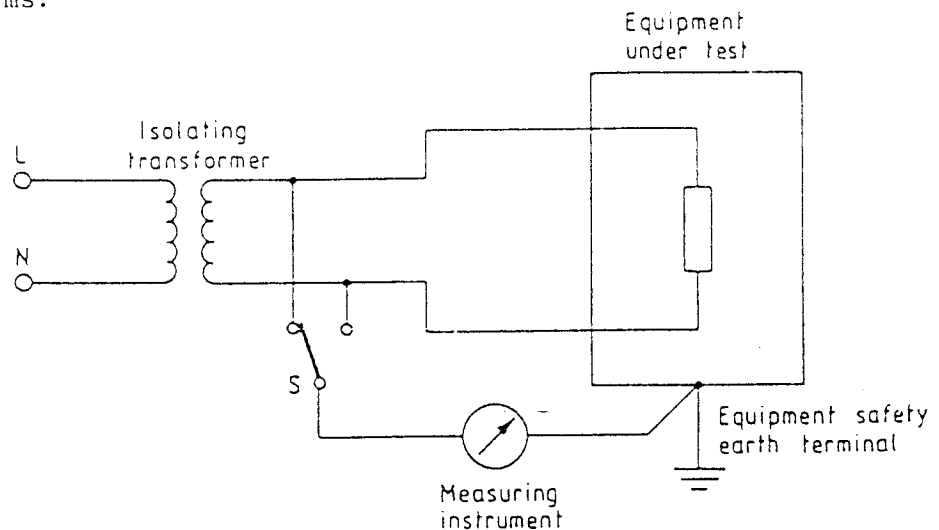


Fig.1. Measurement of AC Leakage Current.

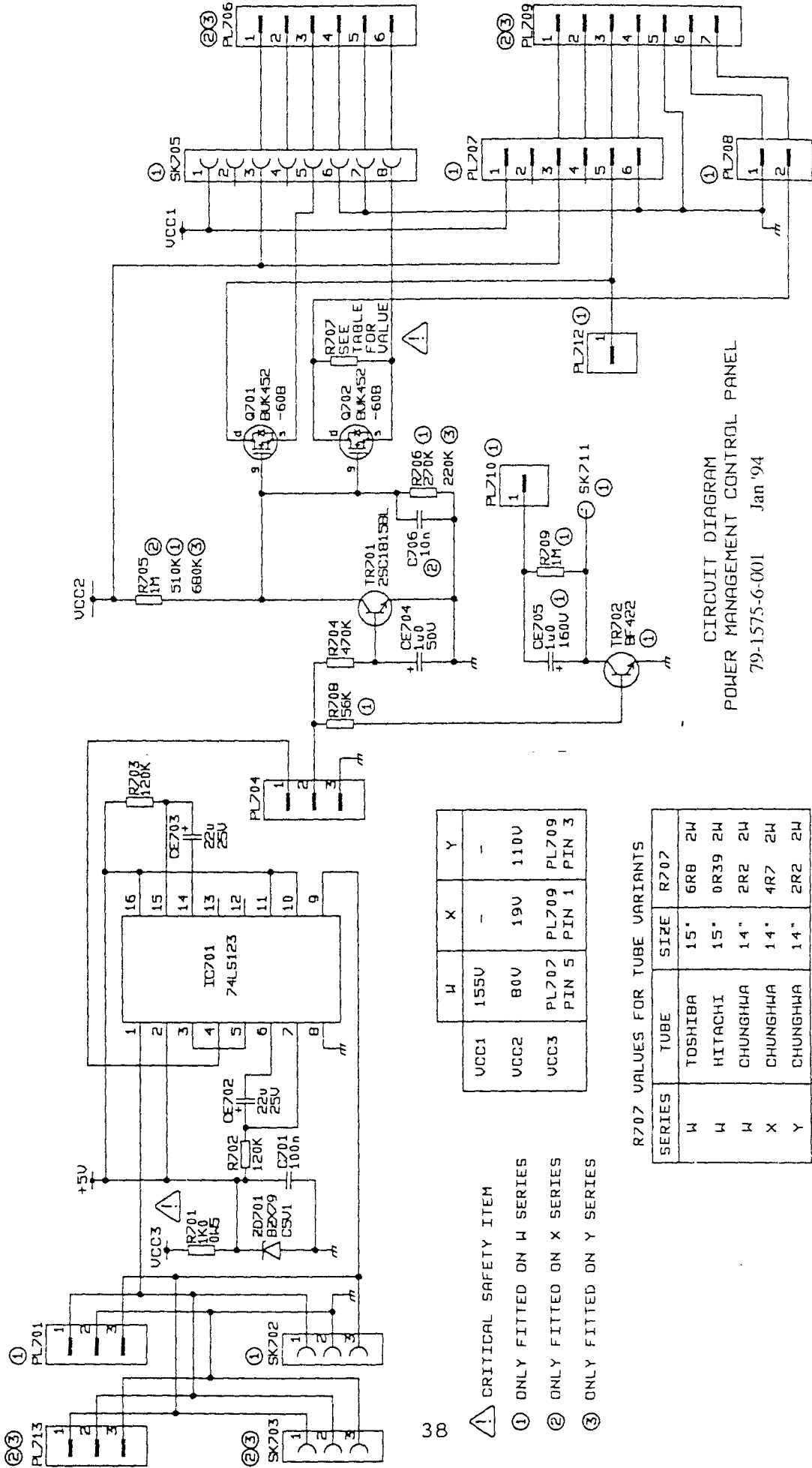
2.6 Critical Safety Components

A number of electrical components in this monitor contribute to operating safety, and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be maintained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. They are identified by the \triangle symbol which indicates that only manufacturer's approved replacements are to be used.

2.7 Cabinet Back Removal

- Place the monitor on its front, protecting the screen and cabinet with some suitable material, and remove the tilt/swivel base by pressing down its retaining clip at the rear of the swivel ball, and at the same time slide the swivel base towards the back of the cabinet to release the bayonet catches.
- Remove the retaining screw just below and to the right of the power inlet socket.
- Remove the two retaining screws at the top left-hand and top right-hand corners of the cabinet back (if fitted).
- Remove the two retaining screws from the bottom left-hand and bottom right-hand corners of the cabinet back.

POWER MANAGEMENT CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



30

⚠ CRITICAL SAFETY ITEM

- ① ONLY FITTED ON W SERIES
- ② ONLY FITTED ON X SERIES
- ③ ONLY FITTED ON Y SERIES

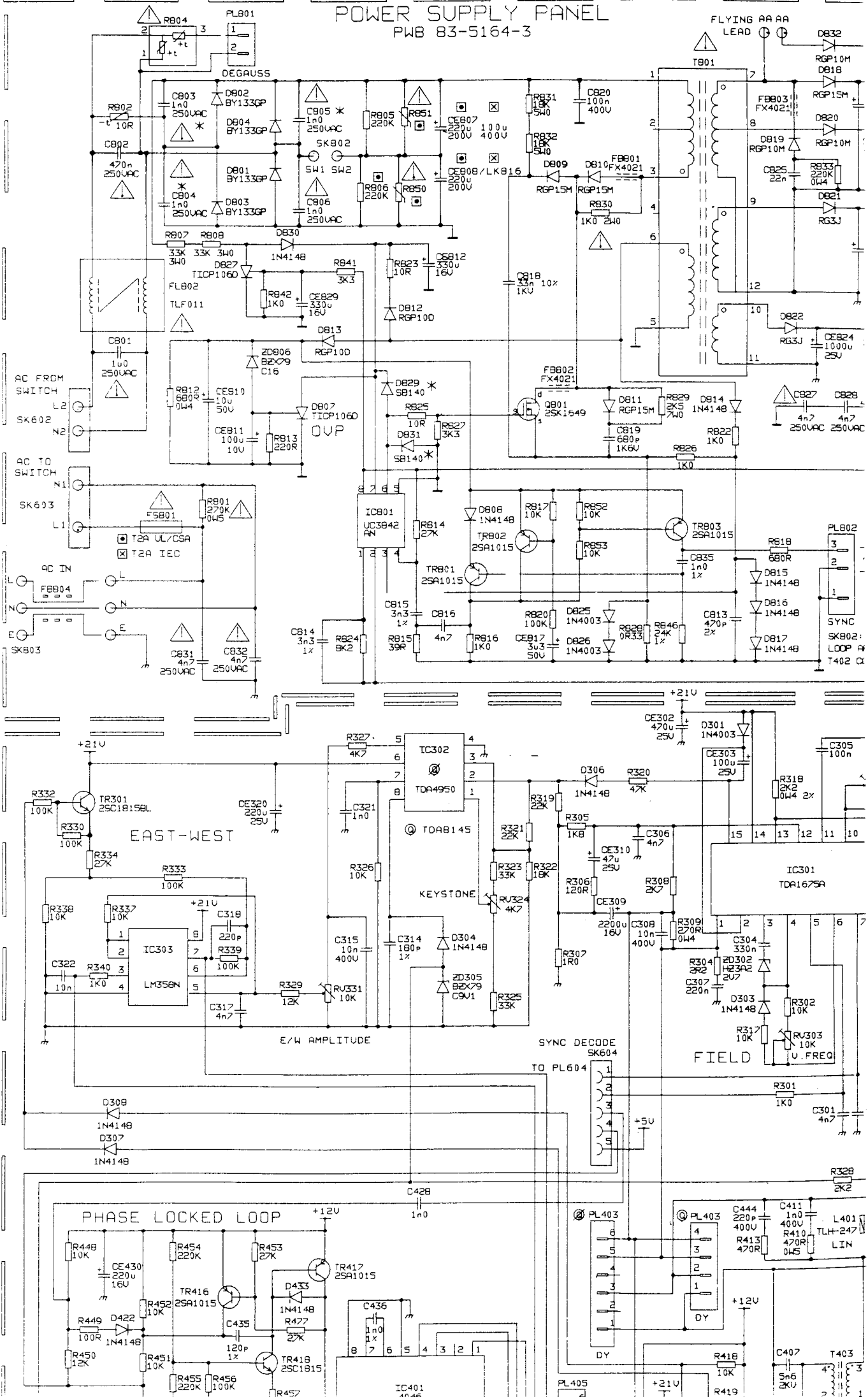
R707 VALUES FOR TUBE VARIANTS

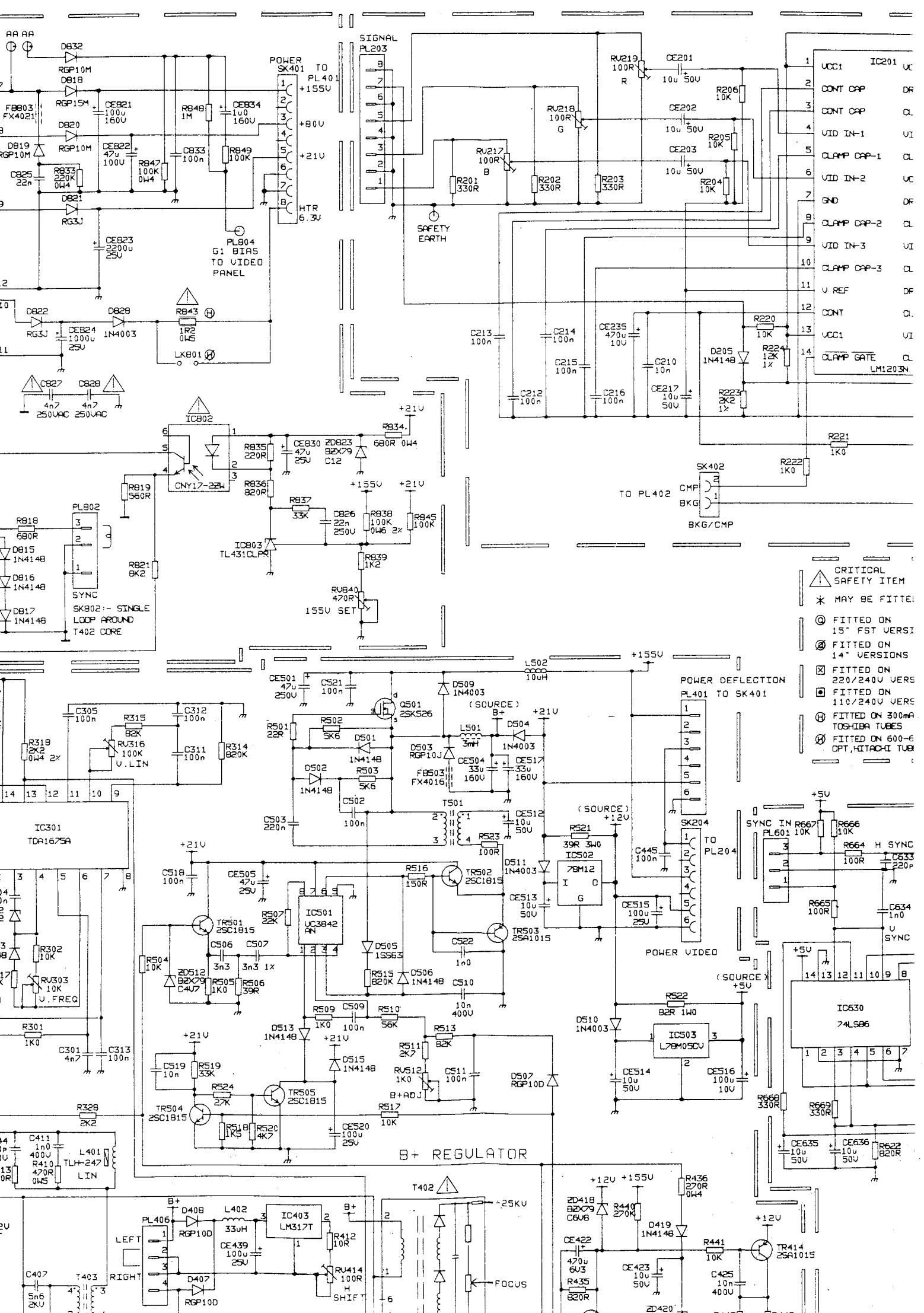
| SERIES | TUBE | SIZE | R707 |
|--------|----------|------|---------|
| W | TOSHIBA | 15" | 6R8 2W |
| W | HITACHI | 15" | 0R39 2W |
| W | CHUNGHWA | 14" | 2R2 2W |
| X | CHUNGHWA | 14" | 4R7 2W |
| Y | CHUNGHWA | 14" | 2R2 2W |

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
POWER MANAGEMENT CONTROL PANEL
79-1575-6-001 Jan '94

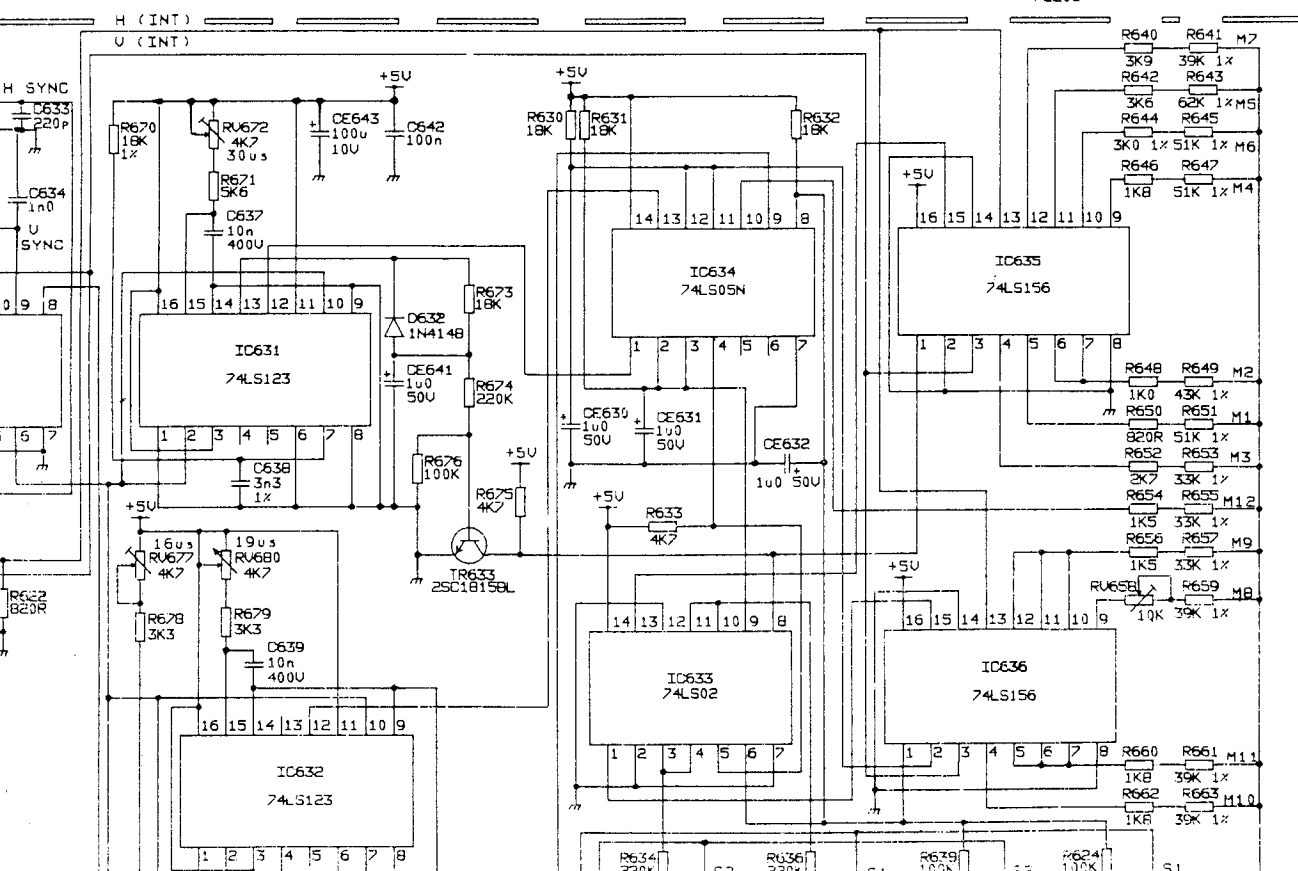
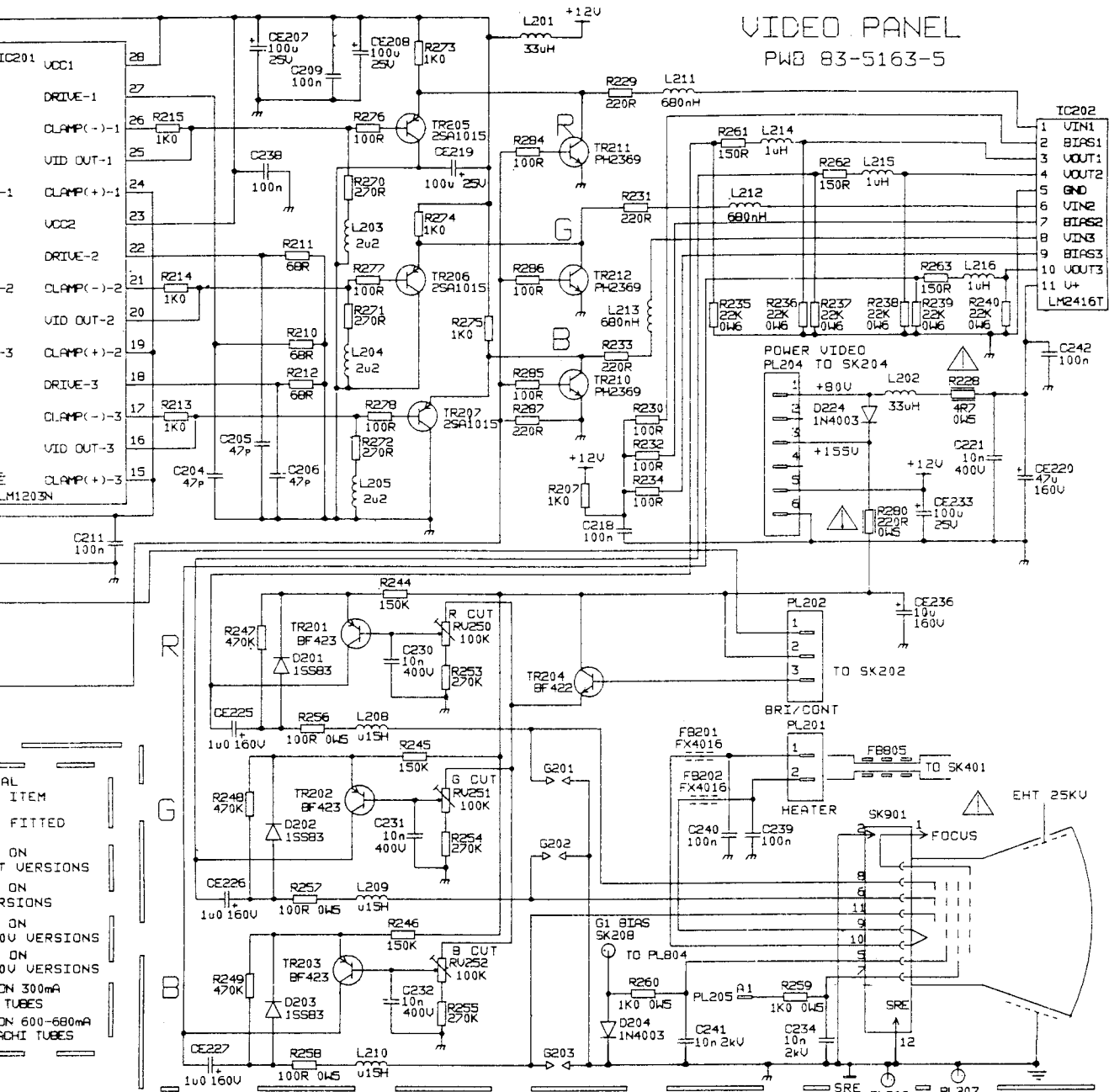
POWER SUPPLY PANEL

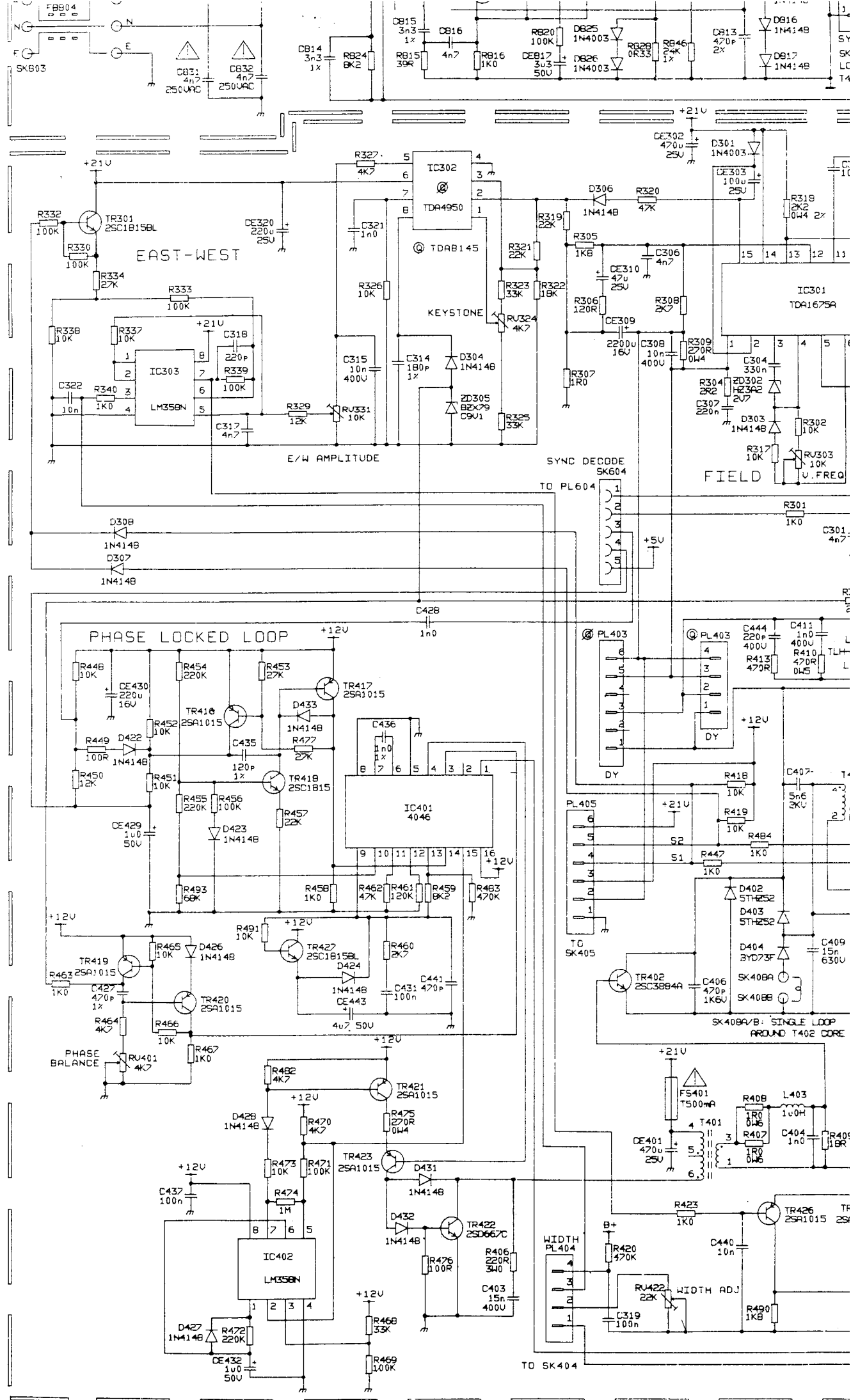
PWB 83-5164-3

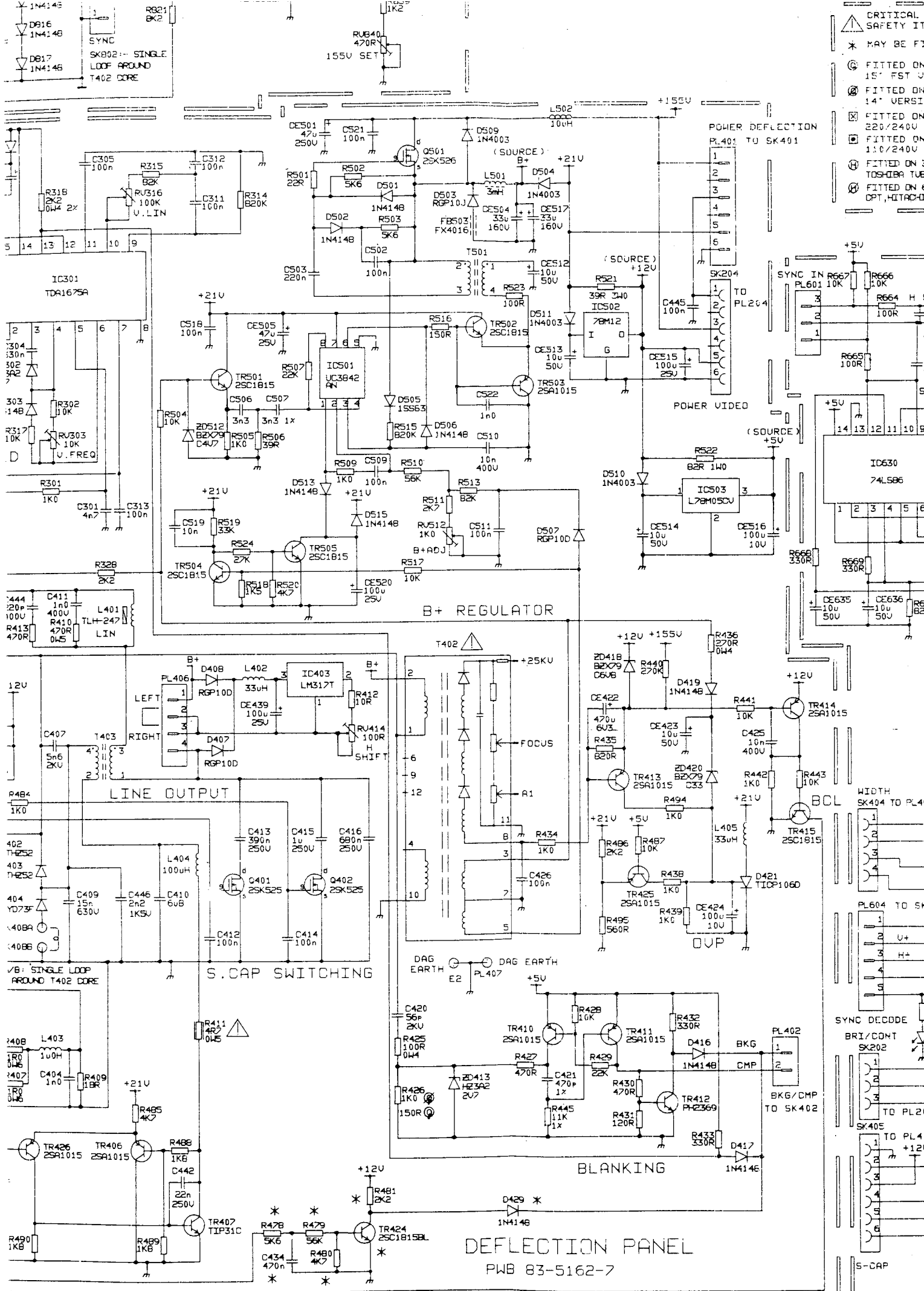




VIDEO PANEL PWB 83-5163-5







- ① FITTED ON 15" FST VER
- ② FITTED ON 14" VERSION
- ③ FITTED ON 220/240V U
- ④ FITTED ON 110/240V U
- ⑤ FITTED ON 30 TOSHIBA TUBE
- ⑥ FITTED ON 60 OPT. HITACHI

WIDTH SK404 TO PL404

PL604 TO SK6

SYNC DECODE

BRI/CONT SK202

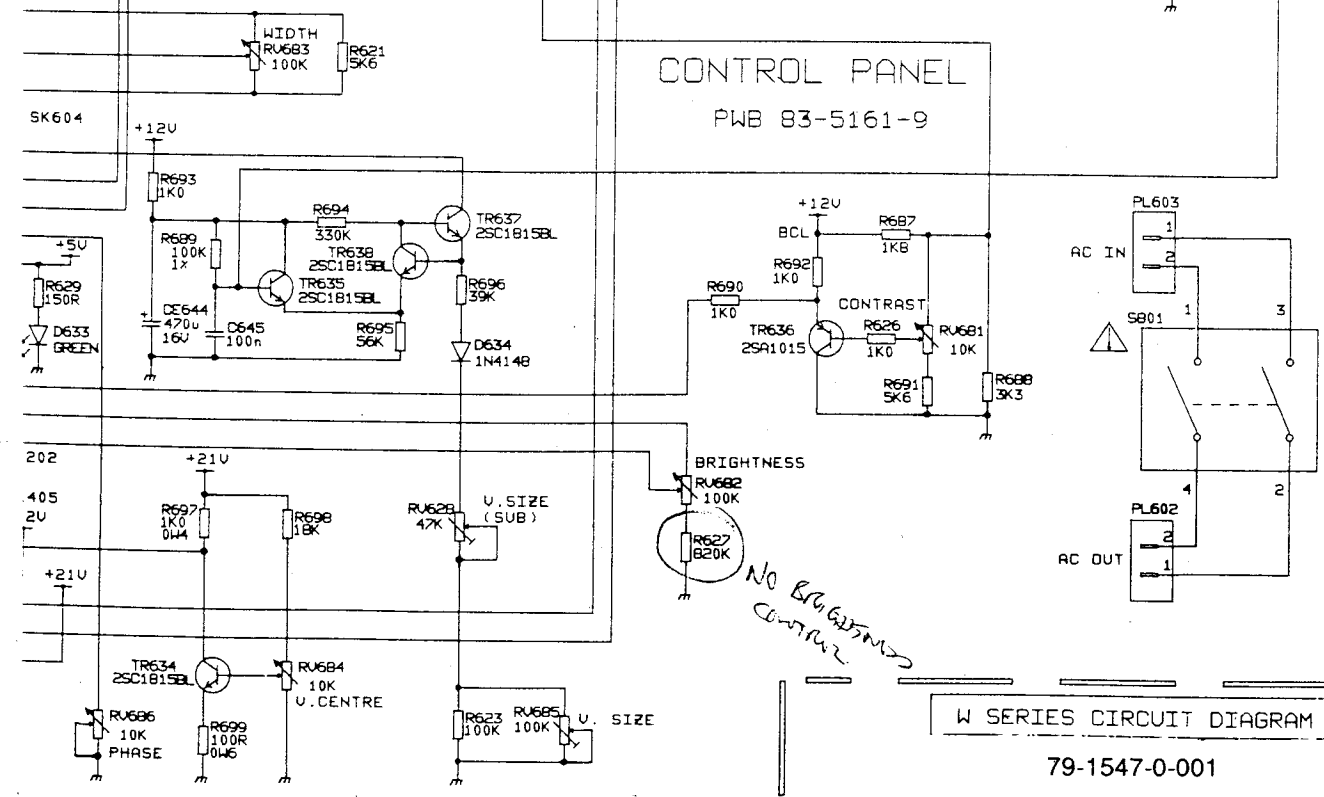
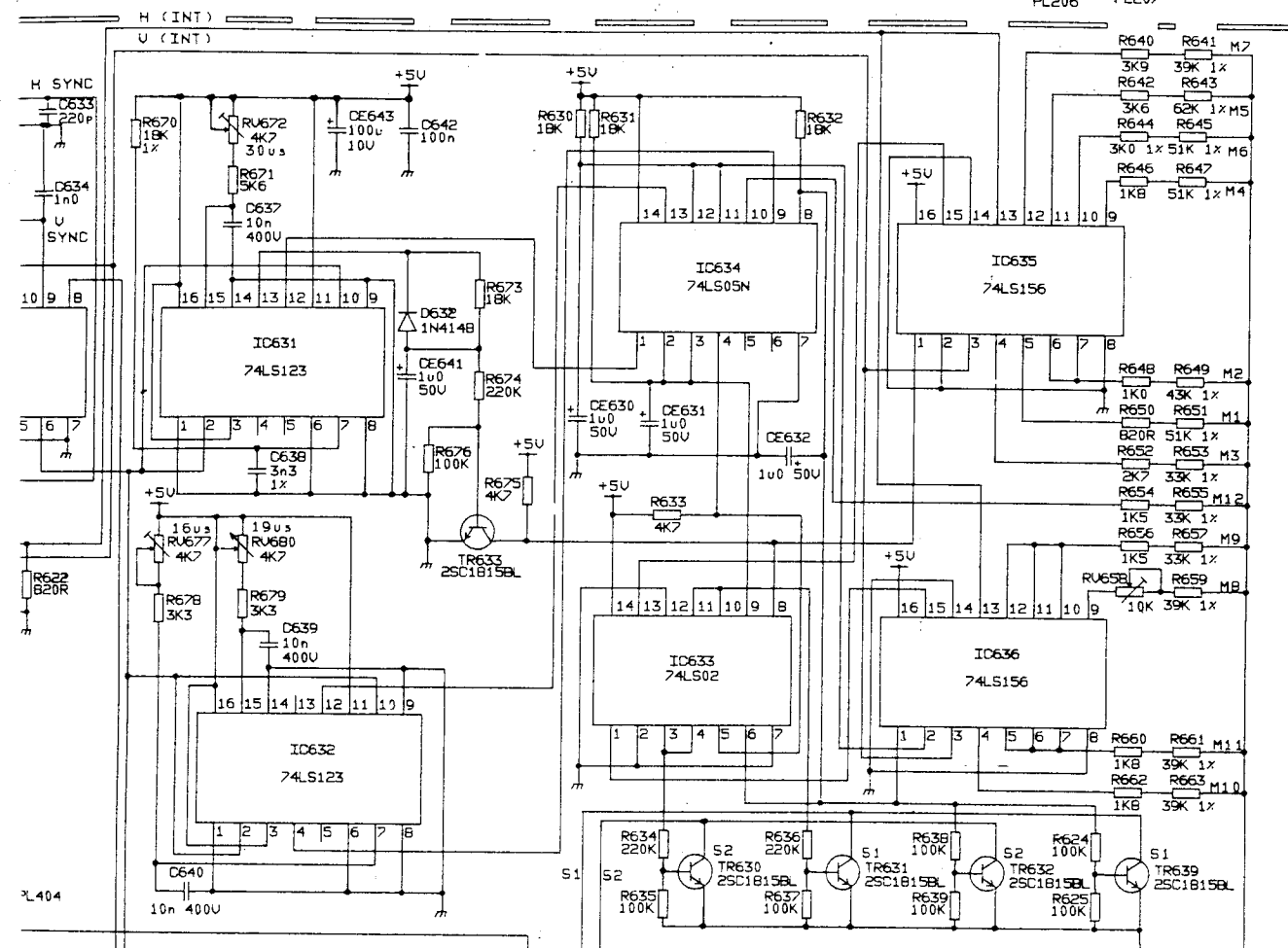
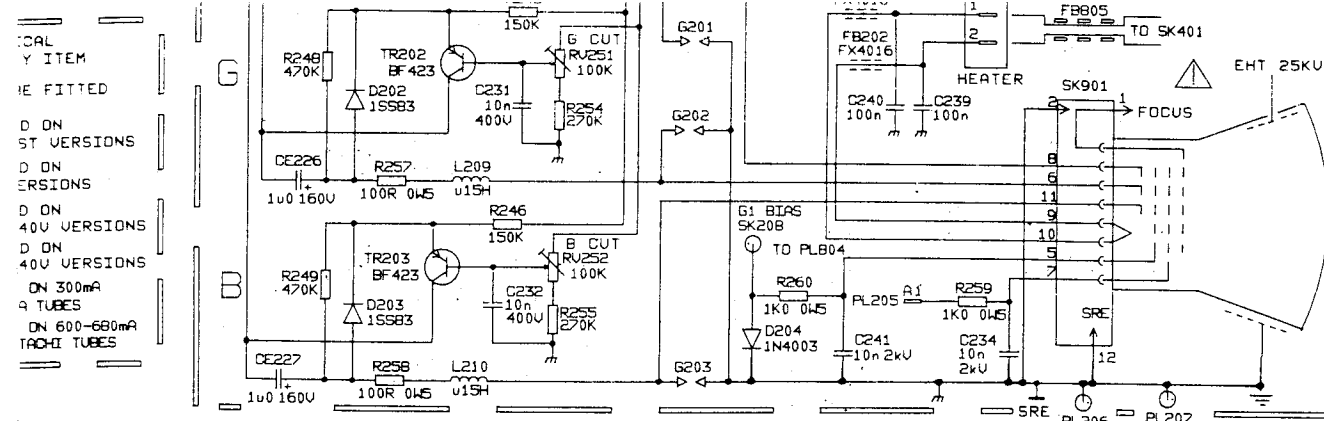
TO PL202

SK405

TO PL401

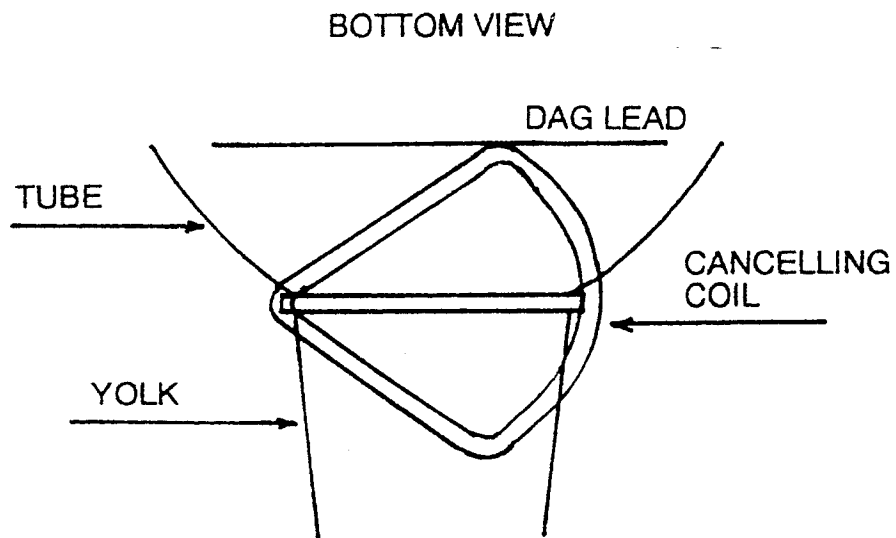
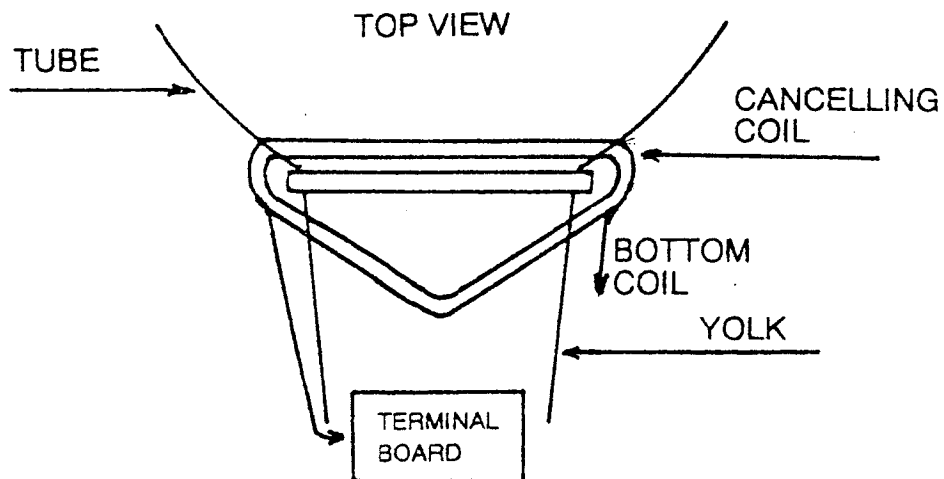
+12V

S-CAP



Appendix A

Amended Fitting of Magnetic Field Cancelling Coils



[illegible]

Category A. Essential for all.
Category B. Recommended if problems are experienced.
Category C. Discretionary.

- e) Carefully replace the cabinet on its base. Insert a screwdriver blade into the slot next to each screw (item c) pressing downward and forward to release the retaining tabs whilst easing the cabinet away from the front bezel.
- f) The back can now be removed, threading the signal cable through its access opening.

Replace the back by reversing the procedure in steps a to f omitting step e. *Note: when re-assembling the cabinet the retaining tabs mentioned in step e can be locked by pressing the cabinet back and bezel firmly together.*

2.8 Servicing notes

2.8.1 Soldered Connections

Always wrap lead wires around terminals before soldering.

2.8.2 Wire Replacement

Always use the correct wire type.

Run connecting wires along their original routes in order to :

- a) Avoid introducing unwanted interference.
- b) Avoid them being too close to high voltage or temperature.
- c) Maintain safety approval standards.

SECTION 3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Connections

The Colour Monitor should be connected to a computer incorporating a VDE or FCC approved USVGA graphics display card which supplies analogue video signals.

Connect the captive signal cable to the 15 pin output socket on the card and secure it in place with the locking screws. Connect the monitor and computer to the AC supply.

3.2 Controls

3.2.1 Power ON/OFF

The ON/OFF switch is located on the right by the 'Power On' LED which should illuminate shortly after switching on. The display should become visible within 30 seconds of switching on.

IMPORTANT. Repeatedly switching ON and OFF should be avoided. This action may activate Safety Protection shut-down circuits. Should this occur or the supply be accidentally interrupted, switch OFF and allow 30 seconds for the circuits to reset before switching on again.

3.2.2 Contrast

This control varies the difference in intensity between black and coloured areas of the screen. After setting the brightness control as described below, set the contrast for the most comfortable display.

| SERVICE MANUAL AMENDMENT RECORD | | Series: W | Date of Issue: |
|---|--|---|-------------------|
| Document number 79-1612-4-002 | | Models: 5401/5501 | 27/06/94 |
| This information refers to: Service Manual No. 79-1499-7-001 Circuit Diagram No. 79-1547-0-001 | | | |
| Seq No | Details of changes | Reason | Ref. No. (ECN) |
| 08 | C212 & C213 changed to 22n, 63v -20+80% Cer. Plt 14-6911-8 | To correct instab- ility in IC201 when Texas part is used. | 88/0841 |
| 09 | Add C243 22n, -20+80%, 63v, C.P 14-6911-8 to back of Video PWB between pins 2 & 3 of IC201. C243 must be connected directly to IC201 pins with minimum sized legs | | |
| 10 | R483 changed to 1M0, 5%, 0.125W 11-5216-5-26 | To improve Phase balance adjustment | 88/0846 |
| 11 | Add R496, 470K, 5%, 0.125W, 11-5355-2-26 | | |
| 12 | Add R497, 15K, 5%, 0.125W 11-5249-1-26 Note 1: Fit R496 between pins 9 & 10 of IC401, solder side of Deflection PWB 83-5162-7-003 Note 2: Fit R497 between pin 4, SK604 and +12v supply, solder side of Deflection PWB 83-5162-7-003 | | |
| 13 | Delete assembly 03-0752-4/M - (18-1040-5 M34AFA60X33 CDT) (83-5323-9-002 coil) (29-5975-5 sleeving) (57-2900-9 cable tie) (60-6656-9 adhesive) Add 18-1067-7 14" CDT M34AFA60X48 | Alternative CDT has integral VLMF coil for improved performance. | 88/0870 |
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Deflection Panel (Track side)

R497

R496

C446